





OVERSEAS NEWS

David Housego in Paris and Dai Hayward in Wellington on the outcome of the Greenpeace affair

Crude tactics win the day for the French

IT IS a sign of the importance that French public opinion attaches to the effective freeing of the two French agents imprisoned in New Zealand that Mr Jacques Chirac, the Prime Minister, should have decided himself to come to the front steps of his official residence, the Matignon, yesterday morning, to confirm the good news.

He did so after seeing President Mitterrand off on his visit to Moscow—thus in political terms underlining the message that if the Socialists were responsible for the bungling that led to their arrest, the right could claim the credit for their release.

In foreign policy Mr Chirac had few objectives when he took office in March. But one was the freeing of Major Alain Mafart and Captain Dominique Prieur, the foreign intelligence agents sentenced to 10 years for their part in the blowing up of the Greenpeace boat, the Rainbow Warrior, in New Zealand almost a year ago on July 10. The other objective was the release of the nine French hostages held prisoner in the Lebanon.

As of yesterday morning Mr Chirac could claim he had achieved one of his goals. The

other also seems on the way to being realised with two of the hostages now back on French soil.

French public opinion never understood how New Zealand—a member of the western alliance—could continue to hold two French officers convicted for carrying out their duty in safeguarding France's nuclear deterrent.

A favour of this indignation came across in the final paragraphs of a report in *Le Monde* yesterday. It said that the Rainbow Warrior affair had brought home to the French that New Zealand was not inhabited by the British but "by provincial puritans, country folk, as certain that they are in the right as they are touchy over their principles."

French tactics in bringing New Zealanders to their senses were crude and illegal, centering on curbs on New Zealand imports into France.

It remains now to be seen whether with the two agents back on French soil, the Greenpeace case will be re-opened.

Though the immediate cause of conflict with New Zealand is now out of the way, relations between the two countries are likely to remain difficult.



Mr Jacques Chirac... what was left of the Rainbow Warrior... and Mr David Lange

The issue was butter, never mind the guns

THE TWO French agents jailed by New Zealand for bombing the Greenpeace flagship owe their effective release to butter.

More correctly to the future access and level of NZ butter exports to Britain and the EEC—a vital ingredient in the country's economy.

The amount of butter NZ will be allowed to ship to the EEC in the next two years, will be decided by Community ministers in the next few months during Britain's presidency of the EEC council.

French officials had threatened to insist on a severely reduced quota. If NZ has to find an alternative market for even 1,000 tonnes of the 75,000 tonnes it wants to send to Europe it would seriously depress world prices.

There are no alternative mar-

kets and any exports lost to Europe would have to be sold at give-away prices to other markets in competition with subsidised EEC butter.

The average net income for NZ farms this season will be only NZ\$ 14,000, a drop of more than 50 per cent on last year's average income and the lowest in 25 years. The Labour Government is already facing severe problems and strong criticism from the farming sector. Any further blows to farm exports and farmers incomes would be economically disastrous and politically shattering to the Government's future.

French officials obviously knew this and used its position to put heavy pressure on New Zealand's Government. As a taste of what it could do, it imposed trade bans and restric-

tions on various food exports including lamb brains, fish and kiwi fruit. Customs officials holding up some Kiwi fruit shipments individually examined every single fruit. There was always an implied threat that more severe action would be taken against other NZ exports such as lamb.

Mr David Lange, the Prime Minister, was thus caught in something of a political dilemma. Public opinion polls showed more than 80 per cent of the NZ public believed the French agents should serve a substantial term in prison, before being considered for parole. Indeed 50 per cent believe they should serve their full 10 years and as terrorists receive no parole at all.

He had stood up to pressure from the US Government over

the ban on nuclear ship visits, and many New Zealanders consider the action of the French blowing up a ship in an allied port, was a much more serious issue.

Mr Lange has said repeatedly the agents would not be released to freedom, nor to any form of custody in metropolitan France. He and his Cabinet colleagues are however professional politicians. They realised the political position of the French Prime Minister and his Ministers and were aware also of the realities and potential cost of continued French antagonism towards NZ exports.

Ever since the secret talks with France over the future of the agents began more than four months ago the only real issue in doubt was where the two agents should go and when.

Manila rebel in talks with Government

BY SAMUEL SENOREN IN MANILA

THE ARMED revolt against President Corazon Aquino of the Philippines by supporters of the man she deposed, Mr Ferdinand Marcos, fizzled out last night just 24 hours after it had begun.

Mr Arturo Tolentino, the former running mate of former President Marcos, left the refuge of the Manila Hotel for talks with Government officials.

Earlier in the day about 200 armed soldiers loyal to Mr Marcos surrendered to the Government after troops backed by tanks and armoured personnel carriers surrounded the luxury central hotel, where Mr Tolentino had set up his rebel regime.

The rebellion collapsed a few hours after Mrs Aquino set a 24-hour deadline for Mr Tolentino to give up what she called his "desperate attempt" to challenge the Government.

Mrs Aquino said the revolt had been instigated by Mr Marcos from his exile in Hawaii. Mr Marcos has denied this.

Mrs Aquino must now decide whether to proceed with sedition charges against Mr Tolentino and his backers who include several serving generals. She must also gauge the extent of the support enjoyed by Mr Marcos and move swiftly to reassert her Government's authority.

Although the rebellion by Mr Tolentino represented no real threat to Mrs Aquino's administration, it reinforced the impression that her Government's hold on power remains tenuous.

The incident is bound to lead to a thorough review of the armed forces, which remain deeply ambivalent towards Mrs Aquino and her decision to negotiate with the country's Communist rebels in particular.

Mr Tolentino, 75, who installed himself as Acting President of a "Constitutional Government" and his followers, including about a hundred renegade soldiers, barricaded the hotel building yesterday after about 300 troops who had joined him earlier yielded to Government forces.

"I want to reassure the public that the situation is fully under control and we can all go about our usual business," Mrs Aquino said in a statement issued by the Presidential Palace.

She warned, however, that another such escapade would not be allowed to happen again, adding that she would be more firm in dealing with activities of persons loyal to Mr Marcos.

Australian deficit hits A\$ 5.7bn

BY EMILIA TAGAZA IN CANBERRA

THE AUSTRALIAN Government's budget deficit in the 1985-86 fiscal year reached A\$5.74bn (£2.5bn), overshooting the target of A\$3.25bn—more than sevenfold.

The deficit, which the Government said is merely a preliminary estimate, represents 2.5 per cent of current estimates of the country's gross domestic product, compared with 3.2 per cent in 1984-85. The final outcome for 1985-86 is widely expected to represent a higher proportion of GDP.

Senator Peter Walsh, the Minister for Finance, said yesterday the reason for the high deficit was mainly the depreciation of the Australian dollar, which boosted prices of

government projects, especially in defence, and increased interest expenses on the country's public foreign debt.

The budget deficit increases the pressure on Mr Bob Hawke, the Prime Minister, to win full Australian Labor Party backing for his stiff austerity programme at the party's ongoing biennial conference.

The main issue at the five-day conference, the ALP's most important policy-making meeting, is the wages accord between trade unions and the Hawke Government, which has so far helped moderate wage rises in Australia. Its fate is expected to be determined at the conference.

The... worsening... current

account deficit and last week's plunge of the Australian dollar have also placed greater urgency on the need for wage restraint.

Mr Hawke and Mr Paul Keating, the Federal Treasurer, will try to extract further wage concessions from representatives of the trade unions. The party's left wing and the Australian Council of Trade Unions are said to oppose the request.

Under the wages accord currently in operation, salaries are reviewed twice a year and are adjusted fully for inflation. The 2.3 per cent wage rise granted last month also took into account the depreciation in the currency.

Taiwan moves to allay fears over Du Pont plant

BY BOB KING IN TAIPEI

TOP OFFICIALS of the Taiwan Government say they will not permit Du Pont, the US chemical and energy company, to begin construction of a chemical plant in central Taiwan until the project meets government standards and until local residents are convinced it will not pollute the environment.

The proposed plant has been the cause of rising protests and demonstrations by residents of Lukang, an agricultural community and the site of hundreds of historical and cultural landmarks. The residents are concerned that the plant, which is to produce titanium dioxide, an industrial pigment also used to

make white rubber and certain plastics, may pollute a relatively unspoiled rural countryside.

At a cabinet meeting late last week, Premier Yu Kuo-hua said the national health administration will closely screen Du Pont's pollution control plans. The Industrial Development Bureau has declined to approve Du Pont's application to buy land for the plant until the Government and Lukang residents are satisfied on the pollution question.

Du Pont has earmarked \$20m (£18m) of its planned \$160m investment for pollution control at the plant, according to company officials.

Malaysia shrugs off protests

BY WONG SULONG IN KUALA LUMPUR

THE MALAYSIAN Government remained unmoved by the international expression of shock over the execution of two Australian drug traffickers. Dr Mahathir Mohamad, the Prime Minister, said he did not expect the event to sour bilateral relations, although Mr Bob Hawke, his Australian counterpart, had described the hangings as "barbaric."

Mr Kevin Barlow of Adelaide and Mr Geoffrey Chambers of Perth, both 28, became the first Westerners to be hanged in Malaysia for trafficking. The remains of Mr Barlow, who had dual Australian-British citizenship, were cremated outside Kuala Lumpur yesterday in a brief ceremony.

The Malaysian Government rejected all appeals for clemency, including last minute letters from Mr Hawke and Mrs Thatcher, the British Prime Minister, saying its laws apply equally to locals and foreigners.

Malaysia is reputed to have the world's toughest drug laws and a mandatory death sentence is imposed on anyone caught with more than 15 grammes of heroin.

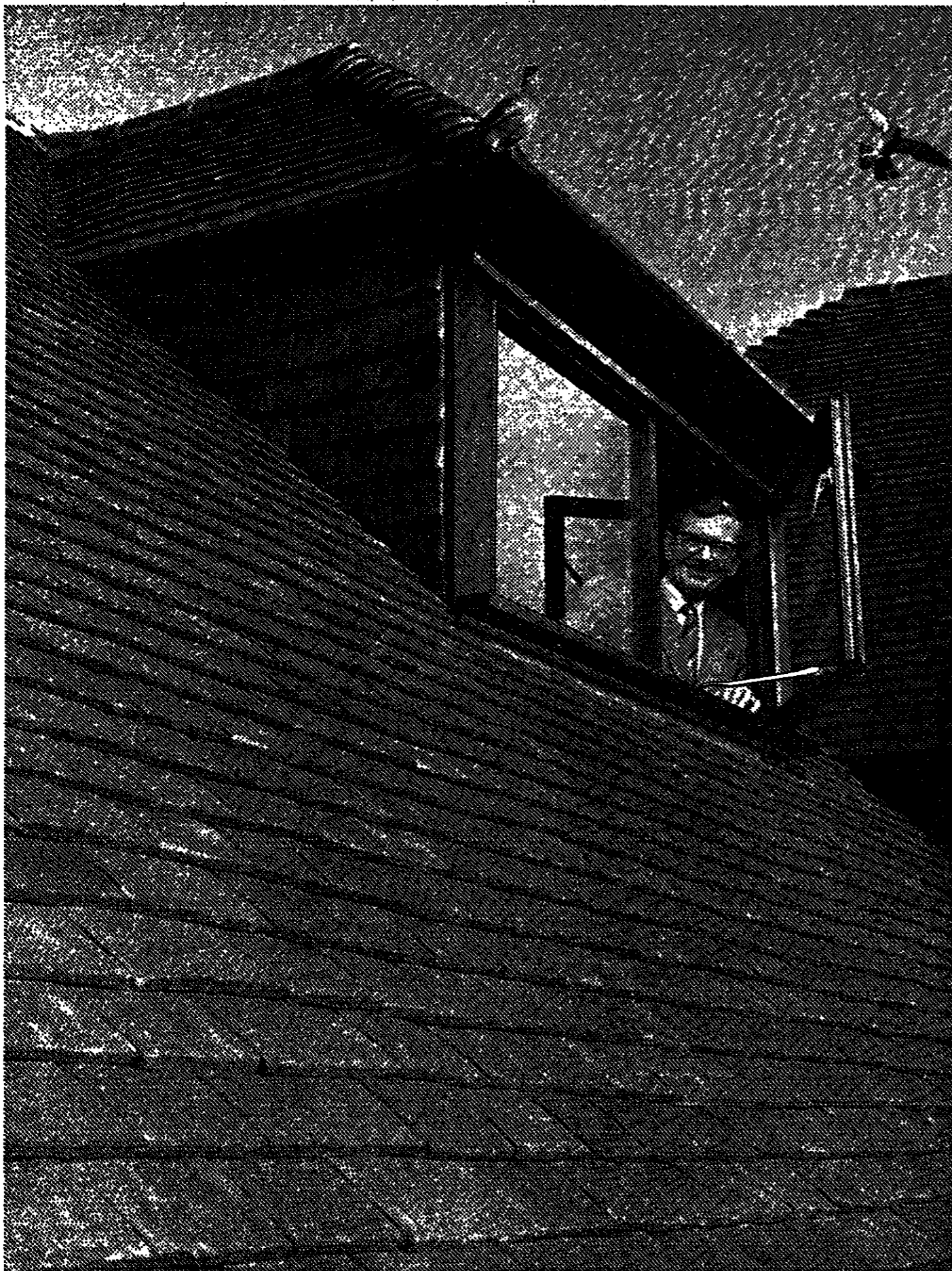
Privately, Malaysian leaders are worried that wide media coverage about the hangings could hamper tourism and foreign investments.

The two Australians were caught in the complex web of

Malaysian politics and race relations, and it was difficult to see how the Government could have commuted their sentence without incurring serious political risks.

Dr Mahathir, whose five years old administration is beset by a host of political and economic woes, is likely to face a crucial general election next month and cannot be seen to adopt a double standard by treating westerners more favourably than locals.

Had the two Australians been spared, the Government would also have to face the explosive issue of how to deal with more than 90 others, most Chinese, now in various stages of appeals against the death sentence.



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AMERICAN NEWS

Wages frozen in UAW agreement with Caterpillar

BY PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

CATERPILLAR, the world's leading earth moving equipment manufacturer, has reached a tentative 23-month contract settlement with members of the United Auto Workers Union.

At the same time the union is believed to have agreed to freeze wages at their current levels, about \$13.60-an-hour, for the length of the contract, although workers will continue to receive cost of living increases.

Trade by developing nations declines

By Stewart Fleming in Washington

THE EXTENT of the economic problems facing developing countries in their efforts to increase their foreign exchange earnings has been underlined by an International Monetary Fund report on trends in developing countries' trade.

Tim Coone reports on an obstacle to Alfonsin's reform plans

Divorce debate divides Argentina

THE Catholic Church hierarchy in Argentina this weekend brought out its biggest gun yet in its campaign to keep the faithful on the straight and narrow.



Alfonsin: staying quiet on divorce issue

to remarry because of the existing law. President Alfonsin's Government aims to introduce divorce as part of its efforts to modernise the country's economy and political institutions as a whole.

Opposition in Chile draws closer together

THE CHILEAN Communist Party has dropped its opposition to talks with President Augusto Pinochet's military subordinates on a plan for restoring the country's democratic system, AP reports from Santiago.

Salvador opponents fail to agree on talks agenda

LITTLE MORE than a month after President Jose Napoleon Duarte proposed a dialogue aimed at ending the Salvadoran civil war, government and rebel leaders doubt whether such talks will ever take place.

Trade by developing nations declines

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Mexican ruling party claims poll victory

BY DAVID GARDNER IN CHIHUAHUA

MEXICO'S RULING Institutional Revolutionary Party (PRI) has claimed a "clear, precise and transparent victory" in bitterly contested state and municipal elections.

at 4:00 am yesterday, Mr. Mario Niebla, the PRI national executive's special delegate in Ciudad Juarez—the border city where Mr. Francisco Barrio, the PAN candidate for governor, is mayor, claimed 80 per cent of the vote for the ruling party at 7:00 pm on Sunday, one hour after the polls were due to close.

Israel asks US yards to bid for \$1bn navy order

BY ANDREW WHITLEY IN TEL AVIV

THREE US shipyards have been invited to tender for the construction of a new class of corvettes for the Israeli Navy, according to Western diplomats. Costing an estimated \$1bn, the corvettes are expected to displace between 1,000 and 1,200 tonnes. They will be armed with helicopters and long-range missiles, and Israeli defence experts say they will also have an advanced electronic warfare capability.

Taiwan tax on imports angers consumers

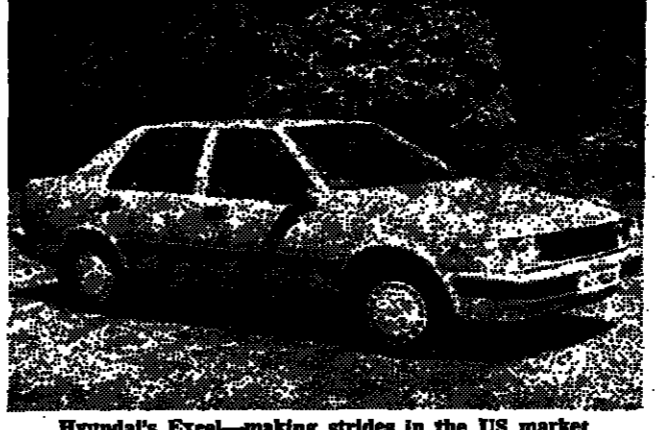
By Robert King in Taipei

TAIWAN has lifted a ban on imported video cassette recorders (VCRs), colour televisions and other home appliances.

Philip Stephens reports on a South Korean car maker with big ambitions

Hyundai scores a US hit with the Excel

GLOSSY advertisements for the latest foreign competitor in the crowded US small car market proclaim: "The good-looking car for the great-looking price." So far, consumers seem to agree.



Hyundai's Excel—making strides in the US market

HYUNDAI MOTOR, of South Korea, exported 128,000 cars throughout the world in the first six months of this year, a 28 per cent increase on a year ago, AP-DJ reports from Seoul.

EEC ministers agree US farm trade deal

BY OUR TRADE STAFF

EEC Finance Ministers yesterday approved the temporary agreement announced last week between the Community and the US in the dispute over agricultural trade.

R-R signs \$8m deal for work on US aero engine

ROLLS-ROYCE has signed an \$8m deal with Garrett Turbine Engine Company of the US for work in the UK, writes Michael Dome.

Canadian paper industry to boost investment

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

IMPROVED earnings in the Canadian pulp and paper industry are likely to be reflected in significant investments in new capacity over the next two years, according to estimates by the Montreal-based Canadian Pulp and Paper Association.

# FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

Tuesday July 8 1986

## IRELAND

Acclaim for the coalition government after the Anglo-Irish accord crumbled with public rejection of its divorce law proposals  
**A setback for reconciliation**

THE PAST year has been an eventful time in Ireland and all the signs are that the year to come will be equally active.

The signing of the Anglo-Irish agreement at Hillsborough Castle in Northern Ireland in November was the historic culmination of several years of patient Irish diplomatic effort to coax Britain towards Dublin's way of thinking on the North. It was a considerable personal triumph for Dr Garret Fitzgerald, the Prime Minister.

Making it work is proving no less difficult than the many previous attempts to solve the Ulster riddle, which ran into sectarian stubbornness and strife. The months ahead hold many challenges for both Dublin and London if the initiative is to last.

On the domestic front events have been almost as stirring. An attempt by Dr Fitzgerald and his Fine Gael-Labour Government to remove the constitutional ban on divorce—a proposal related to the Anglo-Irish accord—was soundly beaten in a referendum, sending the coalition into the summer recess with its tail between its legs.

There is much speculation of a general election as early as this autumn, although the Government's five-year term officially lasts until November 1987.

Whenever the election comes, considerable attention will focus on a new party, the Progressive Democrats. It was launched at the turn of the year by Mr Desmond O'Malley, a former Cabinet minister, who led a band of dissidents out of Mr Charles Haughey's Fianna Fail Party with the avowed intention of "breaking the mould" of Irish politics. Its opinion poll ratings suggest that it will play an important role in the battle for the next Parliament.

Meanwhile, the international trends of falling interest rates, low oil prices and a weaker dollar have brought a little brightness into the economy after half a decade of almost unbroken gloom. The outlook is by no means brilliant, especially as unemployment remains high and big deficits and debt commitments continue to cloud the picture. But the coalition has some grounds to hope that improvements will be felt before it has to face the electorate.

The Anglo-Irish agreement stemmed from an approach to relations between London,



Crusader against divorce: strong emotions raised by the reform proposals led to rejection of the Government's views in a ballot

Dublin and Belfast initiated at the turn of the decade by Mr Haughey when he was Prime Minister. It argued that given the past failure of attempted internal settlements, tackling the problems of Northern Ireland was best done through ties between the Irish and British Governments.

Dr Fitzgerald brought his own long-standing commitment to seeking a solution that satisfied the traditions of the Protestant Unionist majority as well as the aspirations of the Catholic Nationalist minority in the North.

The accord, painstakingly negotiated over a year, gave the Republic a formal say in the affairs of the North for the first time through an inter-govern-

mental conference. This considers such matters as security co-operation, the North's system of justice and economic ties.

The agreement was welcomed with enthusiasm in the South as a step forward in dealing with

the alienation of the minority community in the North and, perhaps, solving the divisions of the island at last. For several days afterwards, Dr Fitzgerald, a well-liked but hardly charismatic figure, was greeted by spontaneous applause when he appeared in the street.

In the North, unionist howls of protest pose obstacles to progress. In spite of that opposition, Dublin is reasonably satisfied with the way things have gone. The very existence of the accord and Irish and British

a talking shop which has changed little. Dublin is looking, for example, for changes in the non-jury "Diplock courts" and changes in some of the practices of the Royal Ulster Constabulary and the Ulster Defence Regiment.

Without these, the fear is of a resurgence of support for the IRA and Sinn Féin, its political wing, which the Government in the South regards as just as much of a threat to the Republic's political stability as to that of the North.

In the longer term, the signs are that the agreement will survive a change of government in Dublin, in spite of Mr Haughey's initial hostility to it based on its recognition of Northern Ireland's right to

remain British. He has indicated that he will operate the accord, although he may invoke a clause to renegotiate certain parts.

Less of a triumph for Dr Fitzgerald was last month's divorce referendum. The proposal to introduce divorce was an election promise linked to Dr Fitzgerald's desire to move the Republic towards a more pluralist society in which all people, north and south, would be happy to participate.

Its rejection by a majority of more than six to four after a strong campaign of opposition by the Catholic Church and its supporters has been portrayed as a setback to the prospects of reconciliation between the Republic and Northern Ireland. It certainly seems to throw another serious obstacle in the way of persuading Unionists to join in the Anglo-Irish process.

The more immediate effect of the referendum has been to shake the authority of the coalition and disturb relations between Fine Gael and Labour—and probably advance the date of the general election. It cannot come soon enough as far as Mr Haughey is concerned, as he makes much political capital out of the coalition's woes and watches the opinion polls show the popularity of himself and his party blossoming.

The polls also show the Progressive Democrats holding a steady rating of about 15 per cent support, enough to give them a significant number of seats in the next Dail (lower House of Parliament). However, although they grew out of Fianna Fail, the Progressive Democrats, with their "new Right" policies of trimming the state sector, now seem to pose more of a threat to Fine Gael than to Mr Haughey, making Dr Fitzgerald's prospects of a return to office more difficult.

The best hope of the coalition is for a brisk upturn in the economy. The outlook this year is better than for some time, thanks to external factors and inflation falling to well below 5 per cent. There is also some hope of a real increase in disposable income filtering through in time to affect the election.

But structural problems are so deep that the economy may not turn quickly enough to give the Government much ammunition. With the labour force growing faster than new jobs, unemployment—among the highest in Europe at more than 17 per cent—is not expected to start falling at least until next year.

The coalition deserves credit for regaining a large degree of control over the public finances, but the burden of the LEBbn (£7.2bn) foreign debt and a continuing heavy budget deficit means there is little scope for a big reduction in the heavy tax regime without tough public spending cuts or a relaxing of the fiscal grip.

This has not deterred Mr Haughey from promising tax cuts and a programme of public spending to boost industry, not least the big agricultural sector which has suffered the joint assaults of European Community production cuts and virtually a year of miserable weather.

However, in the wake of the most recent EEC farm curbs, Mr Haughey's party talked seriously of seeking to renegotiate Ireland's terms of membership to take more account of the special importance to the national economy of its agricultural sector.



Years of diplomacy coaxed UK Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher into signing the accord over Ulster with Irish Premier Garret Fitzgerald

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The benefits from the EEC can be seen all over Ireland in the modern farm bungalows which sprouted in the early, bountiful years of membership. The political benefits of a link to the Continent which goes past the ever-looming presence of neighbouring Britain are also valuable.

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IRELAND 2

The Economy

Indicators contrast with optimism

THE IRISH economy is not responding to more favourable international conditions, according to Mr Charles Haughey, the Opposition Fianna Fail leader. "It is just not dead. There is no improvement whatsoever."

Political rhetoric may account for a good deal of the nature of that statement made late last month. Nevertheless, the uncomfortable fact is that the latest indicators seem at some variance with the cheery outlook proclaimed by the Fine Gael-Labour coalition Government—and less partisan bodies such as the Central Bank.

However, there are disturbing noises disputing the optimistic view, most notably coming from the Confederation of Irish Industry. In a roundup of economic trends at the end of May it concluded: "While there has been a significant improvement in the European outlook it will not necessarily translate into a more buoyant Irish economy. A significant reduction in industrial input costs is required so that Irish industry can take its full share of the recovery in European demand."

government to get its spending levels down and allow government-controlled service charges to fall. For example, electricity prices in Ireland are 20 per cent higher than the European average; postal and telecommuni- cation charges and transport costs are likewise comparatively steep.

There is considerable benefit in straight cost terms of the oil price fall as Ireland imports some 8m tonnes of oil a year. The Central Bank estimated that these factors should help cut the current balance of payments deficit from £240m last year to some £240m in 1986, equivalent to about 1.5 per cent of gross national product. In theory, all this should lead to a quickening of the economic pulse. With pay rises still ahead

There are disturbing noises disputing the optimistic view, most notably coming from the Confederation of Irish Industry. CII, is that order books have been falling for three months. On the exchange rate front, at least part of the solution lies—much to the frustration of Government and private sector alike—outside the control of anybody on the western side of the Irish Sea.

What the economy desperately needs is an "engine for growth." Previously the great hope was that this would be provided by the discovery of oil in the Celtic Sea off the southern coast. A combination of low oil prices and less-than-successful exploration has virtually put paid to that.

Cuts in public spending and pay curbs to achieve what the Central Bank called "a quantum improvement in the public finances to create a framework for longer-term growth of output and employment" is industry's preferred way. But these are severely resisted in Ireland where trade unions have not suffered the same loss of influence as their counterparts in Britain, in spite of unemployment.

State of the Parties

Table with 2 columns: Party Name, Seats. Includes Fianna Fail (71), Fine Gael (68), Labour (14), Progressive Democrats (5), Workers Party (2), Independents (4), Speaker (1), Vacant (1), Total (166).

Hugh Carney



Des O'Malley (left) set up the Progressive Democrats after being thrown out of the Fianna Fail, headed by Charles Haughey (right), and changed the balance of Irish politics



Charles Haughey (right) headed the Fianna Fail, but was thrown out of office by Des O'Malley (left), and changed the balance of Irish politics

Politics

Haughey exudes air of confidence

THE PERSON exuding the greatest air of confidence in Irish politics at the moment is undoubtedly Mr Charles Haughey, former Prime Minister and leader of the opposition Fianna Fail Party.

This is pretty remarkable in many respects. He came close to being unseated as party leader amid bitter recriminations within Fianna Fail after its last short-lived spell in government between January and November 1982 when it was beset with scandals ranging from allegations of misuse of police bugging facilities to the bizarre case of a murderer who enjoyed the hospitality of an unwitting Attorney General.

At that stage, early in the year, it looked strongly as though the Progressive Democrats' appeal would be strong enough to prevent Fianna Fail from winning a majority in the next election. There was serious speculation of a new coalition with Fine Gael and Miss Harney, a stirring orator, seemed to strike a chord with their call for a departure from traditional Irish politics in which the differences between Fianna Fail and Fine Gael tend still to be based on their backgrounds on opposite sides in Ireland's civil war of the early 1920s than on conventional ideological differences.

They espoused conciliatory policies on Northern Ireland and sharp cuts in the state sector and the tax regime to regenerate the economy. When the dust settled after their spectacular beginning, however, it became clear that the Progressive Democrats were to pose more of a threat to Fine Gael than to Fianna Fail. In fact, the putting of the disillusions seems to have had a reinvigorating effect on their old party, as evidenced in its steadily improving poll show-

But Mr Haughey is nothing if not a survivor and as Parliament goes into the summer recess he is the person most widely tipped to form the next Government after a general election likely at any time from the autumn onwards.

He made his move after another Fianna Fail deputy, Miss Mary Harney, was expelled for opposing Mr Haughey's stance on the Anglo-Irish Agreement. Mr Haughey said the accord undermined the Republic's constitutional claim to the whole island by recognising the right of the majority in the North to remain linked to Britain.

Within a short period two more Fianna Fail deputies had switched allegiance and the Progressive Democrats found themselves riding a tremendous wave of public interest which gave them an initial opinion

poll rating of 25 per cent. At that stage, early in the year, it looked strongly as though the Progressive Democrats' appeal would be strong enough to prevent Fianna Fail from winning a majority in the next election.

As the election draws closer, it is likely that Mr Haughey's opponents will seek to make his free-spending record in government, blamed for the persisting serious imbalance in the public finances, an issue—particularly as he has again promised a degree of public spending to stimulate the economy.

There will no doubt be aspersions cast on his fitness to govern, based on his dominating style and past scandals.

The formidable Fianna Fail machine, however, will be four-square behind him and that will be hard to beat in the present circumstances.

Hugh Carney

Banking

DIRT flies in fight for depositors

PLAYING fields and dirt hardly sound like the stuff of banking but they are words often heard in banking circles in Dublin nowadays.

The explanation lies not in a sudden resurgence of banking enthusiasm among bankers but in the increasingly competitive conditions between financial institutions in Ireland.

As banks battle for depositors' business with building societies, trustees savings banks and the Post Office, the complaint is frequently made that they are not competing on a "level playing field". The regulators and other conditions are not applied equally.

In an attempt to even things up—and to raise extra tax revenue—the Government this year introduced a 35 per cent deposit-interest retention tax in the Budget for the banks and building societies, known quickly by its acronym DIRT.

Although before the measure banks paid deposit interest gross, the building societies had a competitive edge by not having to disclose details of individual accounts. Under the provisions of DIRT, they all pay interest net of tax but are not subject to disclosure. However, post office savings, a key source of government borrowing, are still tax exempt.

"In effect the playing field is level but the referee is wearing roller skates," joked one building society chief.

The banks also continue to be lured by a "temporary" government levy, which has extracted more than £100m from them since it was imposed in 1981.

Nevertheless, in spite of a marginal decline in market share in recent years, the banks still dominate the deposit market. The two major Irish-owned houses, Allied Irish Banks and Bank of Ireland, account for some 50 per cent, with the

building societies accounting for less than 20 per cent. Building societies in Ireland are still restricted to deposit taking and mortgage lending. Thus far, they have not been able to mount a challenge to the banks by offering a broader range of financial services in the way that has happened in Britain. However, rule changes in the European Community could bring such developments over the next few years.

Coping with this sort of competition is just one of the pressures which have prompted the banks to broaden their business. Ireland's acute economic difficulties and potential future competition from outside under the European Community's drive towards a unified internal market have, in the words of Mr Tomas O'Coigligh, the Central Bank Governor, "stimulated the banks to seek alternative sources of revenue through diversification into new areas of business."

"This has been most notably by expanding their international banking activities, by undertaking non-banking business at home and by developing new off-balance sheet instruments."

The recent results of AIB and the Bank of Ireland reflect this. AIB pre-tax profits in 1985-86 were £87m (£79m), up from £58m the year before. Half the profits were accounted for from AIB business outside Ireland, compared with 20 per cent five years ago.

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Technology on the rise

Industry

A LOOK at some simple statistics tells much of the recent story of Irish industry—a story of serious decline in traditional sectors but some encouraging growth in more modern, foreign-dominated, high-technology industries.

A sector-by-sector breakdown of production indices on a 1980 base of 100 by the central statistics office shows how a large number of domestically-oriented industries have declined significantly.

Much of the task of sorting out Ireland's post-recession industry and shaping the direction it takes falls to the Industrial Development Authority. Broadly speaking, the IDA is working to attract foreign companies to Ireland, building smaller indigenous industries, servicing foreign companies, and helping Irish-owned industry redevelop and adapt.

research and development. At the same time it is running a "national linkage programme" aimed at building a network of local industry to supply foreign companies with raw materials, and encouraging "technology transfer" to Ireland.

Last month, both ICL, the European computer maker, and Wang of the US announced IDA-backed R&D projects in Ireland attracted in large part by the availability of top-class technical graduates. Other investments announced or launched this year included a plant to produce a new drug by Fermenta, the Swedish pharmaceutical company, and a similar project by Yamaouchi Pharmaceutical, the first by a Japanese pharmaceutical company in Europe.

TAKE A trip from Dundalk in the Irish Republic and cross the border on the main road to Northern Ireland, as hundreds of business travellers and lorry drivers do every day. One of the first things you will notice is the petrol stations.

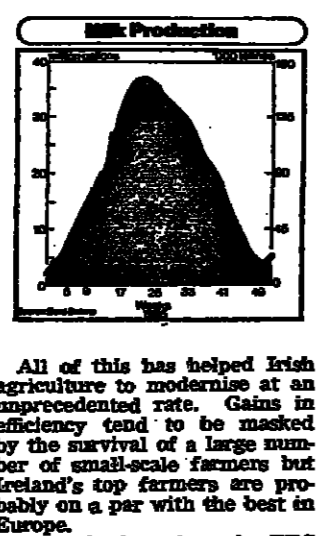
building of a national gas network which would extend to Northern Ireland. So far, only Cork and Dublin are connected and the gas companies in both cities have had to be taken over by the state as they ran into deep financial problems.

Now the plans to extend the network to Waterford and Wexford in the south, Limerick in the west, and up the east coast to Drogheda and Dundalk look ambitious.

Fears on CAP reform

Agriculture

IRISH AGRICULTURE is suffering from the effects of two of the most serious storms since the European Community present a more serious threat, both for Ireland's farmers and its economy.



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Last year the real income of farmers fell by 17 per cent as a result of the weather and price reductions. However, if the EEC adopts some of the more drastic measures being suggested to cut food surpluses and reduce the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) budget then worse may be on the way.

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Profile: Kerry Creameries Food co-operative set to float

Six thousand farmers in the south west of Ireland are planning a trip to market but they will not be looking for buyers for their produce. Their aim is to become the first agricultural co-operative in the country to obtain a stock exchange listing.

Mr Denis Brosnan, managing director, says the turning point in the fortunes of the group was in 1978 when Kerry was chosen as a testing area for Brussels eradication and thousands of cattle had to be slaughtered.

Mr Brosnan reckons that the co-op spends more on R & D in milk processing than the rest of the Irish dairy sector combined.

Existing farmer shareholders and the co-op's 1,600 employees last month were offered a 10 per cent equity, in September the group plans to sell a further 15 per cent at the Dublin Stock Exchange in a flotation which will value the group at between £70m and £80m.

Stockbrokers and agribusiness analysts believe Kerry will have little difficulty with the sale of 15 per cent of the equity this summer, providing of course that the price is right.

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MISSING THE INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION WAS THE BEST THING THAT EVER HAPPENED TO THE IRISH.

REPUBLIC OF IRELAND



WE'RE THE YOUNG EUROPEANS.

IDA Ireland Industrial Development Authority

IDA Ireland, 150, New Bond Street, London W1Y 0HD, Telephone (07) 659 5941. John Gorman, Director.

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## Why a management consultant spent a year at sea.

It was not a job for the squeamish. Before Price Waterhouse consultants could be selected they had to spend time strapped into a 'helicopter' submerged under water. If they released their seat belts early they were failed.

That is the survival course undergone by all oil rig staff in the North Sea.

So it is but a matter of course for Price Waterhouse project managers on off-shore platforms.

On such projects there are hundreds of millions of pounds at risk. Changes in technology have an even greater effect than changes in meteorology.

Which is why our team of ten project managers, two of whom spent a year actually on the platform, were assigned to provide essential management expertise in engineering and data processing. They were there to ensure the project came in on time and on budget. (A month's delay is the equivalent of tens of millions of pounds drifting down to Davy Jones's locker).

And, once the platform was operational, our project managers helped with handing over to inspection, maintenance and operating teams.

For example, oil rigs have a very tight working area. Construction crews describe the conditions as like trying to repair a car engine without putting any bits on the floor. So we helped ensure that personnel and resources were in the right place at the right time, using integrated systems and the minimum of paperwork.

Our project managers can get their hands dirty on any kind of public or private enterprise.

"Time is money" are well known words of business wisdom. We can save you both.

*Price Waterhouse*









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2 highly successful blue chip consumer titles, one trade title plus related exhibitions producing substantial profits are for sale either separately or together.

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THE ARTS

The Venice Biennale II/William Packer

The dinosaur is still alive and kicking

The Venice Biennale this time, as usual, achieves rather less than the sum of its parts...



Frank Auerbach (left), joint winner of the Golden Lion at the Venice Biennale, in conversation with William Packer on the terrace of the British pavilion

though the Biennale still feels it does the world at large a favour by its very existence...

proves to be an examination of the metaphysical and surrealism in the art of the past 100 years...

Alison Wilding, or Stephen Cox's fractured reliefs. Wunderkammer, the Cabinet of Wonders and Curiosities...

times. It includes a fine recent work by Bridget Riley and strong pieces by Peter Sedgely...

But far away in the city itself, at the Accademia no less, lies the Biennale's oddest and perhaps most questionable exhibition...

A sinful night-out in Paris

The Théâtre de la Ville is the temple of modern dance in Paris. Dance performances there are sold out and rapturously applauded...

found Bausch's treatment so distasteful in 1976 that several of the dancers mutinied. One sympathiser with those who broke away...

could hardly be faulted. The singers, dancers and musicians worked together like a team, all exceptionally expressive...

Paata Burchuladze/Covent Garden

There is no dispute about the quality of Burchuladze's singing and often technical sureness in the role of Rakhmaninov's "Fate"...

When he does it promises to be an electric event, for whatever misgivings one had about his dramatic grasp...

Heard incoherently studied and mastered by the young conductor. Sections of like material and import come out at unrelated and sometimes widely differing tempos...

Philharmonia/Festival Hall

Two evenings after the Albert Hall Verdi Requiem, the Philharmonia were installed back on South Bank for a concert of Respighi and Liszt under Esa-Pekka Salonen...

Luckily, the Philharmonia men's chorus and Keith Lewis as tenor soloist (did he have to take a breath in the middle of every "Ewig-weihe") arrived to redeem the performance...

Of the actors, I specially like Peter Kelly and the beautiful Lucy Hornum as the Davenport, whose interval performance was the highlight of the fair.

The summer opera season falls flat in Frisco

Even on paper, San Francisco Opera's 1986 summer season seemed so grim a prospect that Sir John Fritchard, the company's newly-appointed music director...

who has made her ascent through the company's apprentice programme, Zefic served notice of the arrival of a major voice, with a dark, spinning, finely focused tone...

Calabria's sanctioned "re-thinking" of Ponnelle's 1976 original omitted such grotesqueries as a Santuzza well into her third trimester...

Antonio Guadagno slammed his way through the familiar music (the lovely Cavalleria intermezzo was wrenching beyond belief)...

However artistically unsatisfying, the season might have ended the best these two swigs over, because the company has not been inadvertently — but stunningly — showed up by forces just across Groves Street...

JVC/Capitol Radio Jazz Parade

The JVC/Capitol Radio Jazz Parade, at the Festival Hall in London from July 14-19, begins with a Blues night headlined by Dr John with Otis Rush and the John Mayall Blues Breakers...

his Orchestra. The Herbie Hancock Quartet will be in concert on Wednesday plus cross-over combo Spyro Gyra.

Other bands and artists appearing during the rest of the week include the McCoy Tyner trio, guitarist Stanley Jordan, saxophonist Wayne Shorter...

We set more wheels in motion R.J. HOARE Leasing Limited

FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER London, Frankfurt, New York

Staying in ISTANBUL? Complimentary copies of the Financial Times are now available to guests staying at the following hotels in Istanbul: DIVAN - HILTON - SHERATON

Arts Guide

Opera and Ballet WEST GERMANY Berlin, Deutsche Oper: Die Fledermaus, an Otto Schenk production with Carol Malone, Barry McDermid and Hans Beller...

ITALY Verdi (Gloria): Teatro Maria Tagliioni (International Ballet Festival). A Chorus Line - first performance in Italy. The Schubert Theatre of Broadway directed by Michael Bennett...

NEW YORK New York City Opera (NY State Theatre): 20 weeks of summer opera including new productions of Werther, Don Quixote, The New Moon and the world premiere of Anthony Davis's X (The Life and Times of Malcolm X)...

Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft Fire, death and virtue The good news that Sam Wanamaker has been given the go-ahead for his plan to build a new Globe theatre on Bankside adds topical interest to Scribner's major sale of English literature and history on Thursday and Friday...

TOKYO Star Dancers' Ballet: Original ballets based on Japanese folk tales: Phasent with Beautiful Tail Feathers, Heavenly Maiden in the Mountain, Tale of a Beautiful Maiden and a Fine House...





Mr. NAKASONE'S LANDSLIDE

The voice of Japan

By Jurek Martin, Far East Editor, in Tokyo

VISIBLE DISPLAYS of hubris do not become Japanese politicians. Humility is the preferred demeanour in victory or defeat.



For he knew, and Japan knew, that although the magnitude of the victory owed a lot to the quality of the ruling Liberal Democratic Party's machine and to the appalling inadequacy of the opposition parties, it was very much an endorsement of his style, his substance and his ideas of the direction the country should be heading.

Yasuhiro Nakasone, 68 now and looking, if anything, younger than when he became Prime Minister 44 months ago, has always been a politician with a difference, especially by Japanese standards.

He has, for example, never hidden his nationalism beneath the bushel that most of his fellow politicians prefer. When he talks of "setting the post-war accounts," he means restoring a Japaneseness to the nation's life that he feels was eroded by the US occupation.

national circuit. Fortunately for him, the distinctive Western players—President Reagan and Mrs Thatcher—share a common conservatism and distrust of the Soviet Union.

Unlike most politicians of his generation, he also likes policy as well as power. Earlier in his career, as head of the Defence Agency and as Minister for International Trade and Industry, he had the uncommon attribute of honing up on his beliefs and forming his own opinions, rather than simply serving as the mouthpiece of his bureaucrats.

It is indisputable that he has had while in office no serious rival for attention. His foreign policy forays have eclipsed the earnest endeavours of Mr Shintaro Abe, his Foreign Minister; he can explain economic policy lucidly enough to make Mr Takeshita appear a country bumpkin and the economically literate Mr Kiuchi Miyazawa, LDP secretary-general, a suspect theoretician.

But Mr Nakasone survived with exceptional resilience and resource. Nobody thought he could work together with Mr Shin Kanemaru, the LDP's popular and tough secretary-general, as well as has turned out, simply because Mr Kanemaru was thought to be pushing Mr Noboru Takeshita, the Finance Minister, for Mr Nakasone's job.

much of a hindrance as a help. His initiatives in 1983 to form an even stronger political-military relationship with the US were intermittently slapped down or frustrated (he still has not secured removal of the ceiling on defence spending).

All humility aside, Yasuhiro Nakasone likes being Prime Minister (unlike some of his predecessors). He exudes confidence and a sense of power, charging from meeting to meeting at a pace which leaves his secret service guards gasping for breath.

AFTER CHERNOBYL The nuclear post-mortem

By David Fishlock, Science Editor

THE POST-MORTEM promised by the Soviet Union soon after the Chernobyl nuclear disaster will take place in Vienna from August 25 to 29. It will be hosted by the International Atomic Energy Agency, at the requests of the Soviets.

But the world is already 15 per cent dependent for its electricity on nuclear energy—with countries such as Belgium, France, Sweden and Scotland 50 per cent or more dependent. So the post-mortem is a crucial exercise in public reassurance. If the experts cannot demonstrate convincingly that what happened to Chernobyl no 4 reactor is so incredible that any repetition can confidently be discounted, the nuclear industry must surely fade for lack of public support.

CHERNOBYL CALENDAR

Table with 2 columns: Date and Event. Includes: April 26 Reactor No. 4 explodes; April 27 Main evacuation begun (36 hours later), but takes over a week; April 28 Swedes detect airborne radioactivity from USSR; April 29 Moscow admits reactor on fire, asks for help; May 2 Radioactive cloud reaches Britain, about 2,000 miles; May 6 Moscow, at first press conference on accident, says reactor almost resealed; May 8 Moscow admits resealed reactor is overheating; meltdown starts; May 15 Mr Gorbachev ends 18-day silence: "the worst is behind us"—9 dead, 299 hurt.

What is missing from all scenarios is the very first event. What initiated the accident? Why did the controls fail to catch it? The Soviets have spoken authoritatively of "operational errors" by which the West has assumed they mean tests of some changes made while the reactor was shut for maintenance, as was the case when the accident occurred.

kinds of radioactivity escaped from the reactor: how much, where it went, what has happened to it. The disaster affords a unique situation in which up to a million times as much radiation was spilt as was released from the Three Mile Island reactor in 1978.

As for the 27 who died fighting the fire, the West wants to know whether any attempt was made to advise them of the special danger they faced, and to limit their exposure, either with shielding or by time. Or were the firefighters simply encouraged to follow their instincts and fight on until the inferno subsided? Post-emergency evacuation—The Soviet Union had evacuation plans for a major nuclear accident. How well did they work, given the large population involved? How did the Russians set about sheltering and reassuring their citizens? Did they monitor the radiation exposure of their evacuees? Did they persuade people to avoid contaminated food and water? Reactor recovery—How the Soviets regained control of their reactor is an epic story, full of heroics, but also a unique engineering experience.

Single European Act

From Mr T. Taylor MP Sir—I hope that, on reflection, your excellent newspaper will question whether Ian Davidson's article (July 7) gives readers a fair and objective account of the Parliamentary debates on the Single European Act.

Letters to the Editor

community into areas like environmental policy and provide the European Court with a new treaty to implement. Mr Davidson argues that the commitment to a European Union is meant to a European verbiage, but he must know that the inclusion of this commitment in the treaty provides a new context within which the Court will make its judgements.

Community radio

From Mr M. Spencer Sir—Last July the Home Secretary announced unequally that community radio was to be introduced in 1988. The recent Government U-turn on this issue has lost my company a year's effort and several thousand pounds involved in developing a transmitter designed to Home Office specifications issued at the time.

Technology at school

From the General Secretary, National Union of Teachers Sir—I am writing to correct the false impression given in your report (July 3) on the opening of a private primary school concentrating on technical subjects. Readers should not be misled into believing that technology is an unknown feature in today's state primary schools.

Community radio

How does the Cabinet reconcile this to its declared policy of creating an encouraging environment for small businesses? The problems of control and accountability cited by Douglas Hurd were well known when the experiment was first announced. Martin Spencer, 11 Barclay Oval, Woodford Green, Essex.

Tax on working parents

From Mr D. Gee and others Sir—Unlike governments in the US and Canada, which use tax incentives to encourage employer initiatives on childcare, this Government has refused to remove or ameliorate the tax that working parents now pay on any contribution their employers make towards workplace nurseries.

Rallies too short

From Dr S. Castell Sir—It was good to see (July 4) some of your thoughts for making tennis once again a more "interactive" sport and I feel sure you have put into words what many of us amateur, social players and spectators have felt about the Wimbledon-level, stratospherically remote "tennis" from heaven. I have long had a few ideas of my own for making it more fun to participate in the game than, necessarily, to win.

Incommunicado in the City

From Mr C. Hardcastle Sir—Problems caused by failures in communication equipment in the City are legendary and on July 2 there was a major power failure to add to the confusion. A peculiarly infuriating aspect which seriously affects overseas business is that when there is such a failure in equipment, incoming callers still get a ringing tone and the old unobtainable response is no longer given.



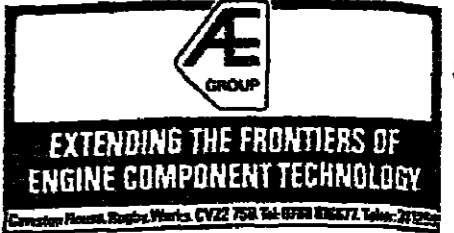
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FINANCIAL TIMES

Tuesday July 8 1988



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A WORD TO COMPANIES WHO WANT COST EFFECTIVE CAR CONTRACT HIRE
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Crisis for W. German shipyard

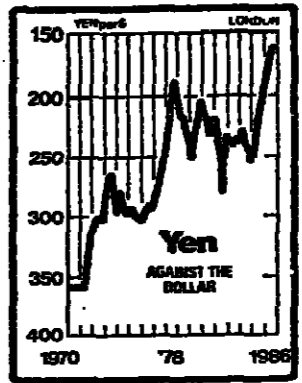
BY RUPERT CORNWELL IN BONN
THE CRISIS in the West German shipbuilding industry deepened yesterday as Harmsstorf, one of the country's larger groups with three yards on the north German coast...

Schleswig-Holstein, which in March provided DM 31m of aid - to no avail - and on the Economics Ministry in Bonn. But here too the omens are not especially encouraging. Harmsstorf's difficulties are merely one example of the straits of the entire German shipbuilding industry...

EEC will spend even more on agriculture

By Paul Cheeseright in Brussels
THE EUROPEAN Community will work its way out of its budgetary crisis by spending more. Finance ministers, presided over by Mr Nigel Lawson, Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer, accepted yesterday that agricultural spending, already taking the lion's share of the Community budget...

THE LEX COLUMN Roadworks in the fast lane



The escape of McKechnie, a company which must now think it enjoys a charmed life after repelling two takeovers in a year, makes it seem fairly clear that the period is over when contested bids by pliant entrepreneurs were a walk-over. Though individual fund managers will doubtless feel just as much pressure for quarterly performance...

US court ruling hits budget reform law

BY STEWART FLEMING IN WASHINGTON
THE US Supreme Court yesterday struck down as unconstitutional the key provision of the Gramm-Rudman budget reform law requiring a balanced Federal budget by 1991. The decision makes it unlikely that Congress will achieve the ambitious target of cutting the budget deficit to \$14bn in 1991.

term election year, deny responsibility for swinging spending cuts which would antagonise voters. The ruling, approved by seven of the nine Supreme Court justices, leaves intact other major provisions of the law. These included a fall-back mechanism to cover the possibility that the automatic spending cuts would be declared unconstitutional. But that provision requires Congress to pass a resolution implementing the cuts.

World Bank foresees 'decade of opportunity'

BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN LONDON
DEVELOPING countries' prospects for the next decade will "range from awkward to grim" with unpredictable consequences for major debtors if the industrialised world fails to improve on the sluggish economic performance it has shown since the 1973 oil shock. But the world economy could also be on the threshold of "a decade of opportunity" if appropriate policies are implemented in both the industrialised and the developing countries.

Howe postpones visit to South Africa

Continued from Page 1
Dr Kaunda is also likely to repeat his warning that Zambia will leave the Commonwealth if Britain maintains its opposition to sanctions against South Africa. Dr Kaunda will be meeting Sir Geoffrey not only in his capacity as a Zambian President, one of the longest-serving heads of government in the Commonwealth, but as chairman of the group of six front-line southern African states. These states are in the forefront of demands for tougher measures against South Africa.

Rainbow Warrior deal

Continued from Page 1
and Captain Dominique Prieur are to be transferred from a New Zealand prison to the island of Hao, 900km from Tahiti, which serves as a staging post for the French nuclear testing ground at Mururoa. Although sentenced to a 10-year term, they will be required to remain on the island three years. Mr Lange had earlier this year ruled out any question of an early release apart from remissions allowed under New Zealand law. While the New Zealand Government yesterday interpreted the transfer as continued detention, French Government officials gave the impression that the two agents would be treated like other officers on the island.

McKechnie bid fails

BY DAVID GOODHART IN LONDON
McKECHNIE BROTHERS, the British engineering and plastic group, has narrowly escaped takeover for the second time in six months, prompting further speculation that the tide has turned against the recent UK wave of contested takeovers. The £160m (\$247m) bid from Evered Holdings, a fast-growing manufacturing conglomerate, attracted acceptances from holders of 77.8 per cent of McKechnie's shares. The 15.1 per cent bought by Evered gave it a total of 42.7 per cent. When Evered launched the bid last April it seemed assured of victory. After several years of flat profits, McKechnie was on the target list of a number of Britain's acquisitive mini-conglomerates and had been lured to escape a bid from Williams Holdings. However, in the past few weeks, McKechnie has benefited from the general swing against contested bids and from some more convincing defensive presentations which stressed the imminent benefit of its heavy capital expenditure in the metals division and its successful diversification into plastics. Dr Jim Butler, the McKechnie chairman, first heard the result yesterday afternoon when Mr Raschid Abdulaziz, the Evered chairman, rang to congratulate him. He said: "We have passed a rigorous test. It is now imperative that McKechnie's management be allowed to concentrate on its primary task of producing further earnings growth for shareholders. We look forward to showing that their faith in us has not been misplaced." He estimated at £2m the total cost of defending against bids from Williams and Evered and launching McKechnie's own failed bid for Newman Tonks - widely regarded as a "poison pill." Defeat is a serious, but not mortal, blow for Evered. Its costs were highly geared to success and defeat will mean a bill of less than £1m, but it will be left with a 15 per cent stake in McKechnie worth at least 20p a share less than it paid for it after yesterday's fall. McKechnie fell 23p to 227p and Evered 14p to 256p.

Montedison to buy Fermenta

Continued from Page 1
the group's Standa retail network in Italy. Montedison will more than double its group net profit this year to about £250m (£166m) according to Mr Schimberni. Last year Montedison made a net profit of £113bn on £1.14,132bn (\$9.4bn) of group revenues. Montedison did not explain yesterday how it plans to finance the Fermenta acquisition, especially in light of its huge £5,000m debt burden, which represents twice the level of shareholders' funds. The group is busy launching a number of right issues on the Milan bourse, to raise around £1,000m, but the proceeds had been expected to go toward debt reduction.

Lloyds/St'd Chartered

Lacking in deftness, perhaps, the Lloyds bid for Standard Chartered remains a proper offer which shareholders have the chance to consider on its merits. Allowing Lloyds to proceed before obtaining Federal Reserve approval does seem to be in the shareholders' best interests - and probably those of the takeover panel, too. If Lloyds failed to get over 50 per cent acceptance this weekend, the panel would of course avoid having to consider a concrete request for an extension, and the Fed meeting on Wednesday week could escape having to think about the US regulatory issue. But the Standard share price, just below £3 last night, was suggesting that both bodies will be put on their respective spots. What the panel might do if the Fed were then to adjourn its decision sine die is not revealed.

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Again a record year.
In its 63rd year Carclo has established another record with fully diluted earnings per share 14.3% up at 39.2p as compared with 34.3p last year. This is a satisfactory result as it takes into account the effect of the sale for £3.8m of both our 57% interest in The Indian Card Clothing Company and our Belgian card clothing company.
The Directors propose a final dividend of 11p net per ordinary share, making a total of 15p for the year, an increase of 25%.

World Weather table with columns for location, temperature, and weather conditions. Includes locations like Moscow, London, New York, etc.

Nakasone boosted by landslide win

Continued from Page 1
Minister, in their constituency in Gunma Prefecture, Mr Fukuda has now outplayed Mr Nakasone 10 times and lost only four in their head-to-head races in the multi-member district. In the Upper House, Mr Fukuda's brother also just edged out Mr Nakasone's son, though both were elected. Finally, Mr Kakuei Tanaka, the bedridden godfather of Japanese politics, was again handsomely returned in Niigata prefecture, though his 179,000 votes were fewer than the 220,000 he got immediately after his bribery conviction in 1983.

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SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS  
**FINANCIAL TIMES**

Tuesday July 8 1986

**IVECO**  
 International  
 Truck Technology

**Maxwell emerges as late bidder for Scientific American**

BY WILLIAM HALL IN NEW YORK

MR Robert Maxwell, the British publishing magnate, yesterday confirmed that his Pergamon Press group had put in a last minute bid for Scientific American, publisher of one of the world's most famous scientific magazines.

Mr Maxwell's bid came shortly after Scientific American had agreed to a \$32.5m bid from Verlagsgesellschaft Georg von Holtzbrinck, West Germany's second biggest publishing group, one of more than half a dozen companies which had submitted sealed bids last month.

Mr Maxwell is the world's leading publisher of scientific material, and Scientific American would mark a major expansion of his embryonic US publishing operations, which include ownership of Ad/Sat, a company which transfers advertising by satellite, Pergamon Infoline and part ownership of Independent Network Systems (INS) and Computrol, a high-technology printing company. Mr Maxwell recruited Mr Jack O'Hara, a former chief executive of Readers Digest, to mastermind the expansion of his US operations early last year.

While the 41-year-old Scientific American would fit neatly into Mr

Maxwell's publishing empire, there have been reports that his interest has caused some concern among Scientific American employees who had been assured that any change in ownership would not involve management changes. Mr Maxwell's last minute bid may also be challenged by the Holtzbrinck group because the offer may have violated the terms under which the seven bidders submitted their offers for Scientific American last month.

Scientific American put itself up for sale last March. The group's flagship monthly magazine, which is published in nine languages, has been suffering from declining advertising revenue and fierce competition from newer rivals. Circulation has been slipping and is now down to 800,000, and the magazine lost \$475,000 on revenue of \$24m last year. Five years ago the magazine earned \$3m on sales of \$26m.

The group's other operations, which include scientific textbook publishing and a monthly medical guide for physicians, are said to be considerably more profitable than the magazine.

BANKS ACCUSED OF CASHING IN ON SILVER SPECULATORS' MISFORTUNE

**Hunt brothers take aim at their creditors**

BY MARY FRINGS IN DALLAS

THE HUNT brothers of Dallas have not been much in the public eye since the great silver crash of 1980. Late last month, though, they filed the biggest lawsuit of their litigious careers against 23 creditor banks.

There was a slight blip on the news screens last October when it was learned that Nelson Bunker Hunt and his brother, William Herbert, had quietly disposed of most of their remaining hoard of more than 60m ounces of silver, taking a \$1bn loss. But the news failed to move the market and was of only mainly historical interest.

The silver Hunts - as the two most entrepreneurial sons in the first family of the late eccentric, ultra-conservative billionaire oilman H. L. Hunt, have been dubbed - are reclusive and rarely photographed. They have never been part of the glittering Dallas social set.

It seemed out of character when the gossip columns reported that Bunker, not hitherto suspected of philandering, is to support the Princess Grace foundation this October with a steeplechase at his Circle T ranch, to be attended by Prince Rainier and other members of the Monaco royal family.

Significantly, the only Hunt included in a list of the 20 most powerful Texans published by the state's leading business magazine in February was Ray, H. L.'s son by his second wife and heir to the original Hunt oil company. The magazine says that in contrast to his half-brothers Bunker, Lamar and Herbert, Ray Hunt "has opted for the more public life of community involvement and political activity on all levels. He views it as neither a sacrifice nor a nuisance."

Just as they did at the time of the 1975 wire-tapping trial in 1975 - when Bunker and Herbert were accused of Watergate-style methods of investigating alleged thefts at their father's H. L. Products company - the Hunt brothers have hired a public relations firm to improve their public image.

But the \$3.6bn lawsuit filed by the first family trusts (which own Placid Oil and Penrod Drilling), the companies themselves, and the



Hunt brothers William Herbert (left) and Nelson Bunker make a rare public appearance at a House of Representatives investigation following the collapse of the silver market

three Hunt brothers and their sons individually, has drawn the comment from an uninvolved Dallas lawyer that hard times generate creative legal theories.

In a 46-page complaint charging the banks with deception and fraud in a conspiracy to destroy their companies, the Hunts use colourful language to identify "a pattern of wrongful conduct" in what banks normally regard as prudent measures to obtain additional collateral and personal guarantees for troubled loans, in this case amounting to more than \$1.5bn.

RepublicBank Dallas, which is agent and co-manager for \$1.2bn in loans to Placid Oil, reacted swiftly with a printed statement that "Republic is confident that its actions with respect to the Hunts have been both reasonable and lawful, and we expected to be fully vindicated in court."

Times have been hard for everyone in the oil patch for the past four years, and more so since prices went into a tailspin six months ago. But Placid - a name chosen, like Penrod Drilling and Profit Investment, because H. L. Hunt believed six-letter words beginning with P were somehow lucky - has been struggling under the additional burden of the Hunt brother's silver debts.

Dating from 1926, Placid became the chief asset of the Loyal Trusts set up by H. L. for his six children

by Lyda Bunker Hunt, and the cornerstone of the first family fortune, so that in 1980 a family attorney was able to say "the children of H. L. Hunt are richer than their old man ever was."

In 1965 the company discovered the Great Black Lake oilfield in Oklahoma, and in 1976 its important North Sea gas field came on stream. According to insiders quoted by Harry Hunt in Texas Rich, his history of the Hunt dynasty, in the late 1970s Placid had the production equivalent of 100,000 barrels a day, annual gross revenues of more than \$350m and oil and gas reserves estimated to be worth \$4bn.

But Placid was the entity used to borrow money when the silver market collapsed, reducing the value of the Hunt's silver holding by something like \$4bn and leaving them with a mountain of debt, including a \$665m delivery contract with Englehard Minerals that they could not meet. After a private accommodation had been reached with Englehard, involving the handover of 8.5m ounces of silver and a 20 per cent interest in the Hunt's Canadian oil properties, Mr Paul Volcker, the chairman of the Federal Reserve board, helped to hammer out a \$1.1bn bail-out loan with a consortium of banks which would pay their other outstanding debts.

The Fed was immediately taken to task by the magazine Business Week, which argued in an editorial

headed "Too rich to fail" that there was no excuse for treating the Hunts differently from other speculators who played a dangerous game for high stakes, guessed wrong and lost.

In fact, the loan did not come cheap, says the Hunts' biographer. As collateral, Placid mortgaged nearly all its oil and gas properties in Louisiana and the Gulf of Mexico, and its gas leases in the North Sea.

In addition, Bunker and Herbert contributed collateral in the form of 63m ounces of silver bullion and coal properties worth about \$400m. Bunker and Herbert also had to make some costly internal family financial arrangements after their elder sister Margaret insisted that they put up some of their personal possessions to ensure that the Loyal Trusts did not lose by Placid's involvement in the silver play.

The lawsuit filed this week refers to the loan which let Bunker and Herbert off the hook in the following terms: "Seizing upon changes in the operation of commodities markets that left the Hunt brothers' business and family holdings in jeopardy in early 1980, several of the banks (including Bankers Trust, Manufacturers Hanover, Citibank, RepublicBank and InterFirst) and others, collaborated to obtain control of Placid through various extensions of credit to Placid."

**European expansion for Bausch & Lomb**

By Leslie Collett in Berlin

BAUSCH & Lomb, the US opticals company, has bought Dr Gerhard Mann, a leading West German producer of ophthalmic pharmaceuticals, for \$87m.

Mann, a family owned company based in West Berlin, had sales last year of DM 60m (\$7.85 m), and "very good" but undisclosed earnings. Ms Erika Schwalbe, manager, said the company had no problems, but the owners had no heirs and were not interested in retaining it. Ms Schwalbe said the present management would be retained by Bausch & Lomb and that the 46-year-old Berlin company would serve as a centre for the US group's activities in Europe. West Berlin offers lucrative tax benefits and other financial lures to companies operating in the city and has attracted considerable outside investment in recent years.

The Rochester, New York, group is the world's largest producer of contact lenses and sees Europe as providing its strongest growth prospects.

**Robins offers settlement plan**

A. H. ROBINS, the US pharmaceutical group, has offered to set up a trust to help settle claims against its Dalton Shield intra-ocular device, according to the draft of a reorganisation plan being circulated to lawyers. Reuter reports from Richmond, Virginia.

Under the proposal, Robins would make an initial payment of \$50m to the trust after approval and a second payment of \$50m six months later. The balance of a still undetermined settlement would be paid over 18 years.

Business creditors would receive 85 per cent of the some \$56m they were owed when Robins filed under Chapter 11 of the US bankruptcy code last August.

**People Express shares soar on bid reports**

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

THE shares of People Express, the cut-price US airline which has run into financial trouble, soared in heavy trading yesterday on unconfirmed reports that it had received several offers for its operations.

Texas Air, one of People Express's main rivals, is said to be the front runner in bids to take over the company, reportedly with an offer of \$12 a share, or about \$310m. Mr Frank Lorenzo, chief executive of Texas Air, and Mr Donald Burr, People Express's founder, used to be close business associates but are now fierce competitors.

Texas Air is already in the process of taking over Eastern Air Lines, another major US carrier which has been facing financial problems.

People Express shares, which had jumped 75 cents on Thursday, soared by another \$2 to \$94 in very heavy trading early yesterday. When the company first disclosed that it was thinking of putting itself up for sale last month, its shares were trading around \$5.

People Express reported a net loss of \$58m in the first quarter

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**8½% Notes Due 1993**

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Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited	
Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.	BankAmerica Capital Markets Group
Bank Brussel Lambert N.V.	Bankers Trust International Limited
Banque Générale du Luxembourg S.A.	Banque Nationale de Paris
Commerzbank	County Bank Limited
Crédit Lyonnais	Dai-ichi Kangyo International Limited
Daiwa Europe Limited	Generale Bank
Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG	IBJ International Limited
Leu Securities Limited	LTCB International Limited
Manufacturers Hanover Limited	Mitsubishi Finance International Limited
The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.	Nippon Credit International (HK) Ltd.
Orion Royal Bank Limited	Société Générale
Sumitomo Trust International Limited	Westdeutsche Landesbank

June 1986



INTL. COMPANIES and FINANCE

Mixed showing by Gold Fields producers

By Kenneth Marston, Mining Editor
A MIXED showing is made by net profits for the June quarter of the seven South African gold producers in the Consolidated Gold Fields group.

GOLD MINE NET PROFITS table with columns for June, March, Dec and rows for Deepsouth, Deonfontein, Driefontein, Kloof, Uthmaniyah, Venterspost, and Vredefort.

a rise in the tax-offsetting capital expenditure which, in aggregate, has risen to a record level of R187m in the previous quarter.

Porgera mining agreement near
NEGOTIATIONS for a mining development agreement between the joint venture aiming to develop Papua New Guinea's Porgera gold deposit and the Government are imminent.

Morgan's securities plans upset Japanese banks

BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

MORGAN GUARANTY'S application to the Ministry of Finance for a Tokyo brokerage licence through its London-based subsidiary has aroused a hornet's nest of reaction from Japanese banks.

The Morgan strategy is different from the plans of other American major banks to establish securities branches in Japan by purchasing British brokerage houses.

might open the way for other foreign banks to open Japanese branches of their London-based securities subsidiaries. Article 65 of the Securities and Exchange Law (the Japanese version of the US Glass-Steagall Act) strictly limits the business such branches could do.

Several US banks, which have been in the same position as Japanese banks since they are restricted by the Glass-Steagall Act, have acquired Japanese securities branch licences by acquiring British brokers.

Taiwan bank employees held after suspect loans

BY ROBERT KING IN TAIPEI

TAIWAN POLICE have arrested seven employees including three senior executives of the First Commercial Bank in Taipei concerning NT\$350m (US\$82m) in suspect loans made to two Singapore companies which have since gone bankrupt.

entirely deeply in debt at the time the loans were granted. Investigators are presently trying to determine if assets and credit standings of the two companies were inflated, and if financial statements and supporting documentation offered by the firms were tampered with to secure the approval.

Leo share deal criticised by Commission

By Our Stockholm Correspondent

A SPECIAL Government Commission yesterday criticised the management of Sonesson, the Swedish light engineering and pharmaceutical group, for insider share trading involving a former pharmaceutical subsidiary, Leo.

The Commission was appointed last December to investigate the deal, which involved selling Leo shares in 1983 to Sonesson board members and others, including Mr Pehr Gyllenhammar, Volvo's chairman, and Mr Hakan Frisinger, Volvo's president, prior to Leo's stock market introduction in 1984.

The Commission levelled three principal criticisms against the deal. It said it was wrong that Leo shareholders were not informed of the condition surrounding the 1983 offering, that the volume of shares offered (more than 2m) in 1983 was too large, and that the select group of 30 who were offered the shares had not direct connections in the management of Leo.

The Commission recommended that all future issues of shares in a company to its own management should first be approved by 90 per cent of votes at a general meeting.

Pre-tax slip at Daikin

BY OUR TOKYO STAFF

DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, the large Japanese air conditioner maker, saw its pre-tax profits for the first half-year to May drop 9.9 per cent to ¥482bn (\$30m). Daikin said that despite a 3.3 per cent gain in turnover to ¥104.72bn, the combined effect of exchange losses and falling export prices put a drag on its earnings.

sharply due to the strong value of the yen, but the drop was more than offset by higher domestic sales. Chemicals and hydraulic equipment were sluggish. The negative impact from the yen's upsurge will be more or less offset by lower fuel and material costs in the current half-year. Full-year pre-tax profits are projected at ¥11bn, down 4.6 per cent and net profits at ¥1.5bn, up 1.5 per cent, on sales of ¥217bn, up 1.6 per cent from a year earlier.

U.S. investment strategy...?

Careful stock selection is going to be crucial throughout the rest of the year; we believe the U.S. market will remain volatile, and the trading range relatively narrow.

But with the near-term outlook still fundamentally bullish, we're staying mainly with the sectors we've been recommending over the past year. The expected drop in interest rates, cheaper gas and the US shift from European to domestic travel, lead us to watch the consumer sector, especially with U.S. investors focussing on tax reform.

And banks, insurance and financial service companies are well worth watching; as we believe they are unlikely to suffer major impact from the tax reforms.

Our forecast and our strategy are set out in detail in our Mid-Year Outlook, available now. Prepared by our New York analysts, it features ten U.S. stocks which we believe have outstanding growth prospects.

If you'd like a free copy, simply complete and return the coupon.

Our mid-year outlook is your answer.

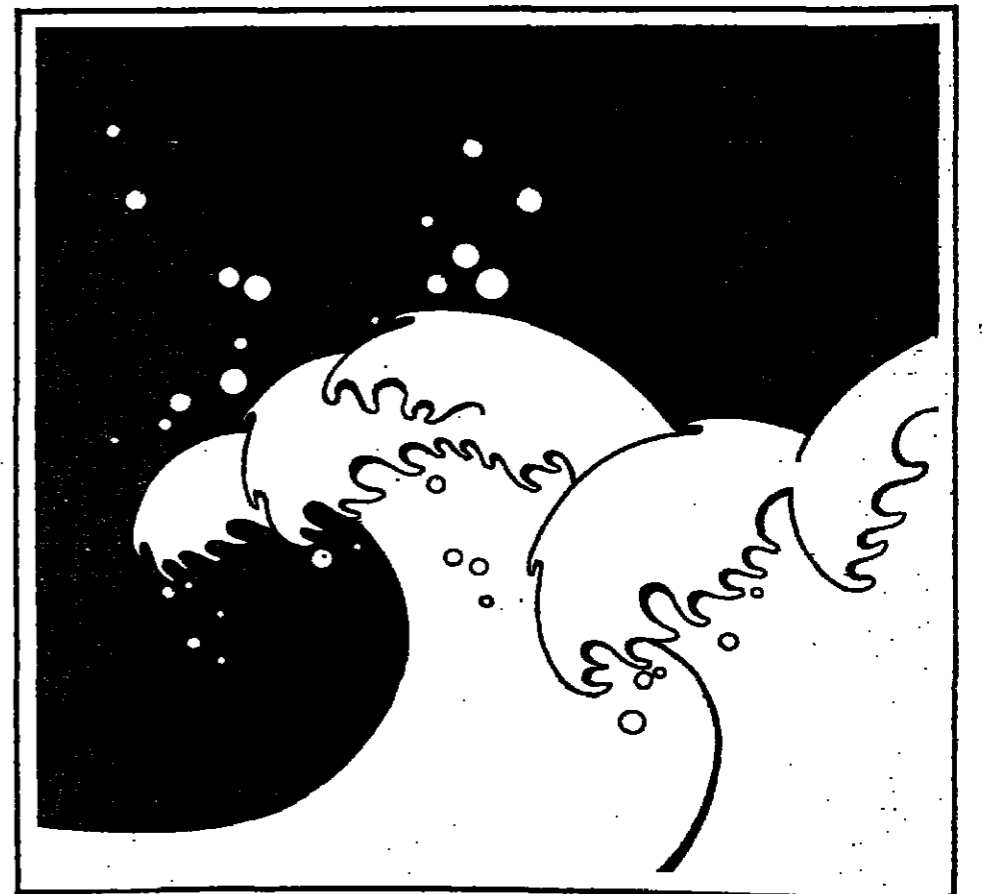
Bache Securities coupon form with fields for Name, Address, Home Tel. No., Work Tel. No., and company contact information in London, Geneva, Hong Kong, Luxembourg, Singapore, and Tokyo.

Yamaichi Securities Company, Limited advertisement featuring a £20,000,000 offering of 3 1/4 per cent Notes Due 1991 with Warrants. Lists various international banks and financial institutions.

GLORY U.S. \$50,000,000 GLORY LTD. advertisement featuring 3 1/2 per cent Guaranteed Notes due 1993 with Warrants. Lists various international banks and financial institutions.

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Handwritten text in a box, possibly a signature or stamp, containing the characters 'JF' and '1986'.







APPENDIX II
General Information

1. Classification and share capital
The Company is a closed-end investment company incorporated with limited liability in Luxembourg...

Table with 2 columns: DENOMINATION OF SHARES, PREFERENCE SHARES. Rows include Issued to subscribers, New issue, Total issued and now being issued, etc.

2. Further issues and purchases of Shares and cancellation of all asset value
Apart from the issue of Shares (other than to shareholders of the same class pro rata to existing holdings) no further Shares will be issued...

3. Share purchase account
\$06 will be credited to paid-in surplus which is in most respects equivalent to share premium account in respect of such Preference Shares...

4. Share purchase account
\$06 will be credited to paid-in surplus which is in most respects equivalent to share premium account in respect of such Preference Shares...

5. Indebtedness and knowledge
The Company has no loan capital (including term loans) outstanding, or created but unissued, nor any outstanding mortgages, charges, debentures or other borrowings...

6. Registered Shares and bearer Shares
Certificates for Shares will be issued in registered or bearer form. Unless otherwise requested, certificates will be issued in registered form...

7. Dealings on the stock exchange
Applications have been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange in London for the Ordinary Shares and the Preference Shares...

8. Reports and accounts
Copies of the audited financial statements of the Company (made up to 30th June in each year) will be sent to registered shareholders...

9. Notices and general meetings
The annual general meeting of shareholders of the Company will be held at 3.00 p.m. on the third Friday in November...

10. Summary of the Company's objects
The Articles of Incorporation of the Company provide that the object of the Company is to acquire, whether by purchase or otherwise...

IF PACIFIC WARRANT COMPANY S.A.

general meetings may be convened from time to time by the Directors by sending notices (containing the agenda) to registered shareholders...

11. Director's remuneration
(a) No Director shall have any interest in the shares capital of the Company. The following Directors have, however, indicated their intention to apply under the issue for the number of Units specified against their names...

12. Subscriptions Agreements
By an Agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") dated 7th July, 1986 and made between (1) the Company and (2) Robert Fleming & Co. Limited...

13. Forward contract
Although it is possible to subscribe for a limited amount of Units in dollars or sterling, the Company's accounts are kept in dollars. Accordingly, on 4th July, 1986...

14. Material contracts
The following contracts, which may be amended at any time by the parties thereto, have been entered into on or prior to the date of this document and are, or may be, material—
(1) Management Agreement dated 7th July, 1986 between (1) the Company and (2) the Manager...

15. Investment Management Agreement dated 7th July, 1986 between (1) the Company, (2) the Manager and (3) the Investment Manager...

16. Articles of Incorporation
The Articles of Incorporation of the Company, which are available for inspection as mentioned above, contain, inter alia, provisions to the following effect:—
Borrowing powers
The Directors may make short-term or long-term borrowings with or without guarantee...

17. Liquidation
In the event of a voluntary dissolution of the Company, either at the end of its life or prior thereto, liquidation shall be carried out by one or several liquidators, named by the meeting of shareholders...

18. Investment restrictions and other restrictions
The Directors have adopted the following restrictions and policies relating to the investment of the Company's assets and the activities in which it will be involved...

19. Dividends
The Company may make short-term or long-term borrowings with or without guarantee, assume any security underliabilities, constitute and accept any mortgage guarantee and otherwise waive any preferential rights in general...

20. Shares
The Directors are authorised to issue further Shares up to the total authorised capital in Luxembourg law, subject to the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation...

21. Transfer of Shares
Transfers of registered Shares shall be effected by delivering the certificate or certificates thereon to the Company together with an instrument of transfer satisfactory to the Company...

22. Shares purchased by the Company
Shares purchased by the Company shall remain in existence and may be resold but shall not be treated as cancelled or withdrawn from the issue...

23. Directors' remuneration
Each of the Directors shall be paid remuneration at such rate as may from time to time be determined by the resolution of the Company in general meeting...

24. Indebtedness and knowledge
The Company has not established a place of business in Great Britain. The Company does not have any subsidiaries. The Company does not have, nor has it had since its incorporation, any employees...

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PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATION

No person receiving a copy of this prospectus and/or an application form in any territory other than Great Britain may treat the same as constituting an invitation to him or her to apply for the first-class units...

requesting share certificates in bearer form, it is expected that bearer Ordinary Share and Preference Share certificates will be posted to successful applicants for, in the case of joint applicants, to the first-named applicant...

Each application must be made on the application form provided (with a copy to be retained by the applicant) and must be accompanied EITHER, in the case of payments in dollars, by a banker's draft drawn on a bank in London or by a cheque drawn in dollars...

Robert Fleming & Co. Limited, 25 Capital Avenue, London EC2P 7DR, England.
Alexanders Laing & Cruickshank, 27 Capital Avenue, London EC2P 7BE, England.
de Zotes & Bevan, 25 Finborough Circus, London EC2M 7EE, England.

INTL: COMPANIES & FINANCE

Matsushita Electric reluctant to part with \$11bn cash mountain

BY CABLA RAPOPORT IN TOKYO

IN 1981, the president of Matsushita Electric told the Financial Times that exports were not likely to grow "substantially" from that year's level of ¥741bn (then about \$4bn).

In the year to last November, Matsushita, Japan's largest electronics company, had exports of ¥1,277bn, which translates to \$6.5bn on last November's exchange rate and \$7.7bn on today's. "I guess that was an underestimate," sighed a hard-worked Matsushita executive over breakfast in Osaka recently.

Domestic and overseas sales for the maker of National and Panasonic products were also doing nicely during that time.

'We do understand that we should invest more internationally in order to get a higher yield, but the basic problem is the currency risk. Our basic policy is not to be involved in any risk.'

Sales more than doubled from \$12.4bn in 1981 to \$20.4bn last year, using today's yen-dollar rate for the latter figure. That growth has pole-vaulted Matsushita high up the ranks of the world's largest industrial companies, alongside the likes of General Electric of the US and well ahead of Unilever and Shell.

This huge sales volume, plus the excessively conservative nature of the Osaka-based company, has led to an accumulation of cash which is simply stunning, by any standards. Matsushita's "high liquidity assets," that is cash, marketable securities and bonds, totalled ¥4,715bn at the end of last year and this year should top ¥1,800bn. In dollars that is pushing \$11bn.

The rest of this article should carry a warning for easily-excitable merchant bankers. For those who favour active portfolio management, a bit of merger and acquisition, some high-risk ventures along with the plain vanilla investments, Matsushita is not the company to read about.

bands or bank deposits. Last year it invested 1 per cent of its money abroad—in US Treasury bills. Its return on its liquid assets was a solid 7 per cent.

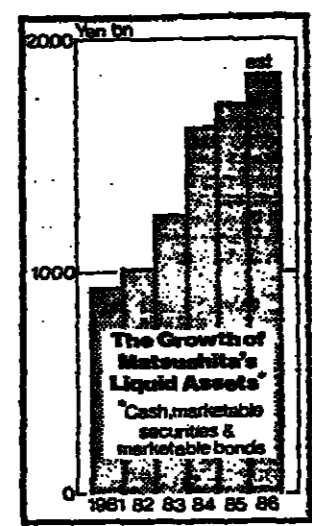
It took months to get an interview with Mr Masayoshi Sano, Matsushita's chief financial man, but once he settled back with a cup of green tea he spoke with the usual disarming frankness that characterises most Matsushita executives.

Mr Sano admits that the return on its money could be higher if it went for more long-term investments—just 40 per cent of its cash mountain last year was in fixed-interest, long-term bonds, with an average maturity date of five years. Another 44.5 per cent—\$4.6bn—was in bank-time deposits of, on average, two years. The rest, save the 1 per cent in the US, was in the Japanese secondary short-term bond market, called gensaki.

The relative emphasis on short-term investments, he says, is so that "we can invest at any time in our new and exciting businesses, particularly semi-conductors, audio-visual products and office automation.

'We thought the Saudis were conservative. They were riverboat gamblers compared to the Japanese.'

should not be investing in higher risk securities just for sake of high yield. As for foreign investment, he ground up. "At the idea of just plant and equipment, he grows more animated. "Empty facilities—that is conceivable. But no acquisitions of total businesses, with employees, no."



The Growth of Matsushita's Liquid Assets

invested. As a result, it's hard for us to invest overseas. Indeed, Matsushita makes so few policy decisions about its money that it has only three or four full-time executives managing it. The company has twice that number handling international public relations.

Matsushita, however, has a stated goal of reducing its export ratio, and raising its overseas production ratio. The company is aiming at 50 per cent domestic sales, 25 per cent exports and 25 per cent overseas production. As a result, it seems a reasonable bet that Matsushita might like to use some of its billions to pick up an overseas electronics company or two.

Mr Sano throws a quick wet blazer on that idea. "At present, we have no concrete plans for any overseas takeovers. We will continue to build from the ground up. At the idea of just plant and equipment, he grows more animated. "Empty facilities—that is conceivable. But no acquisitions of total businesses, with employees, no."

posses. We always give careful thought to this."

Each relevant department, such as engineering or marketing, is allowed to review the prospective takeover candidate. But as Matsushita has taken over only two foreign companies in nearly 70 years of business, only the truly patient marriage brokers should apply.

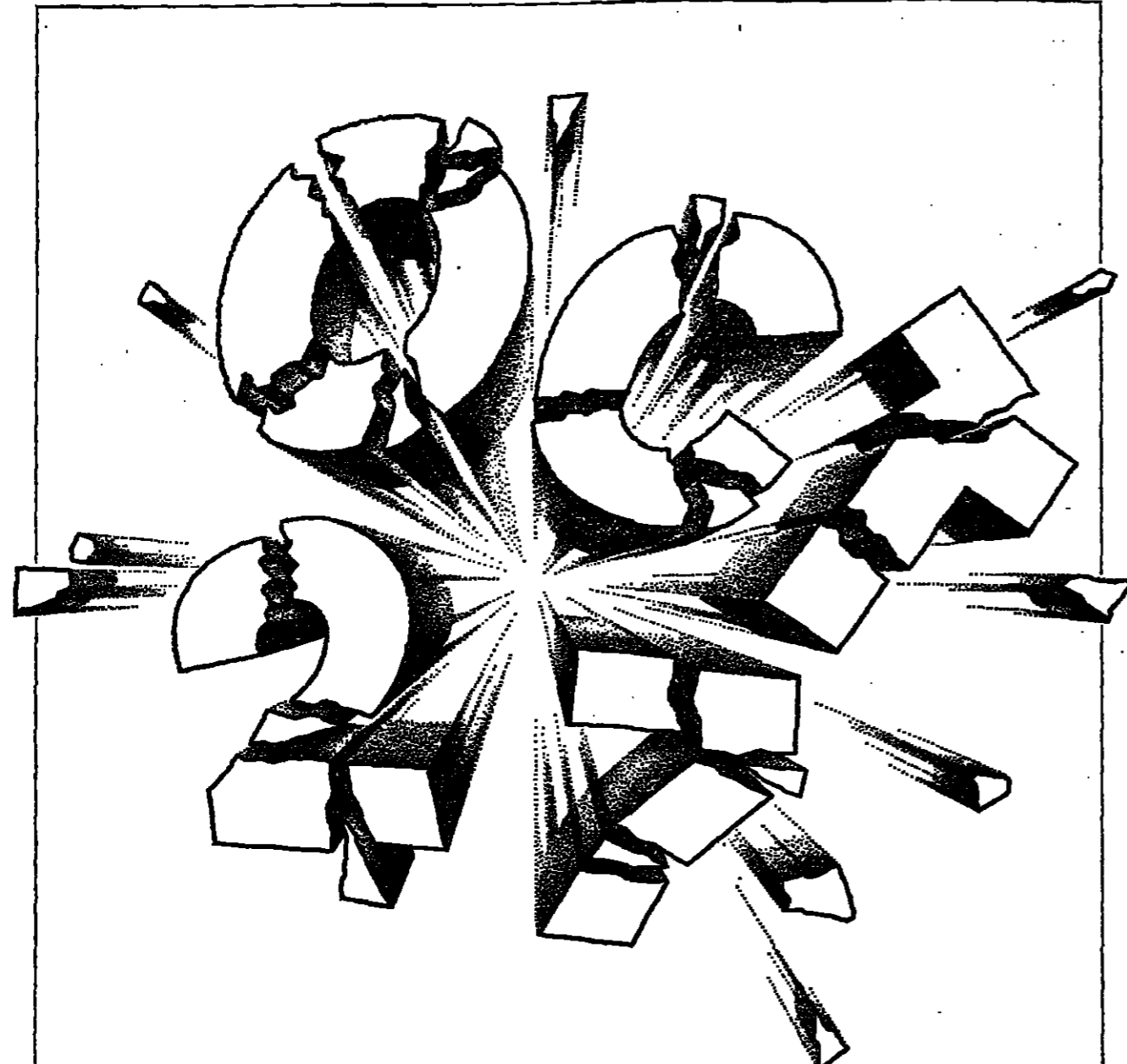
As for its various overseas subsidiaries, it has set up two overseas finance companies to help handle their short-term cash needs. "This is to avoid currency risk and allow us to be more quick and efficient in raising money abroad," says Mr Sano.

Matsushita's only borrowings have been taken out by its overseas subsidiaries; the parent company has no long- or medium-term debt. And just in case Matsushita changes tack, it has a further ¥128bn (\$723m) on its books in the form of shares which it does not consider liquid because they are part of the Japanese system of cross-shareholding; that is, holding on to shares of associated companies and banks for non-investment purposes.

As for the future, Mr Sano says that the total amount of cash is not likely to decrease. "Our basic investment policy will not see much change, but there may be a bit more diversification and international investment over the years."

'Our basic investment policy will not see much change, but there may be a bit more diversification and international investment over the years.'

ment over the years." Despite an earlier dismissal of hedging, he admitted that the company is studying the hedging function in the bond market—particularly short-term, three-month hedging. "It's an opportunity in the future," he says. But Mr Sano says that Matsushita does not think of itself as a rich company. "In terms of financial strength, we are one of the leaders. But I'm not sure expression 'rich company' is appropriate."



After the Big Bang

The big survey every businessman will read and keep.

On October 27th the FT will analyse a revolution—The City Revolution. In the FT Survey, twenty specialist writers will examine and comment upon every aspect of The City Revolution: How it came about, what the changes will be, and the probable shape of things to come.

The FT's well-informed and authoritative approach will be reflected in the survey, making it one that every businessman in every company affected will read, keep and refer to again and again.

It is, therefore, an important issue for your advertising to appear in, one that will still be effective long after October 27th.

The person you should contact is Nigel Pullman on 01-248 8000.

APPLICATION FORM TO BE RETAINED BY THE APPLICANT

The 'Notice Légale' required by Luxembourg law in connection with the present offering of Shares will be filed at the Register of Commerce at the District Court of Luxembourg.

JF PACIFIC WARRANT COMPANY S.A.

Issue of 500,000 units at a price per unit of U.S. \$100 or, for subscriptions under £20,000, at the option of the applicant, £65.80, payable in full on application.

Form for JF Pacific Warrant Company S.A. including fields for Name, Address, and currency selection (USD or GBP).

Applications must be for a minimum of 5 units or integral multiples thereof. No application for any other number of units can be considered and the right is reserved to reject any application, in particular multiple or suspected multiple applications.

APPLICATION FORM TO BE RETURNED TO BARCLAYS BANK PLC

The 'Notice Légale' required by Luxembourg law in connection with the present offering of Shares will be filed at the Register of Commerce at the District Court of Luxembourg.

JF PACIFIC WARRANT COMPANY S.A.

Issue of 500,000 units at a price per unit of U.S. \$100 or, for subscriptions under £20,000, at the option of the applicant, £65.80, payable in full on application.

Form for JF Pacific Warrant Company S.A. including fields for Name, Address, and currency selection (USD or GBP).

Applications must be for a minimum of 5 units or integral multiples thereof. No application for any other number of units can be considered and the right is reserved to reject any application, in particular multiple or suspected multiple applications.

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

Jordan gets tough with the banking sector

JORDAN'S banking and finance sector has been ruffled by the collapse of several money changers, the apparent suicide of a leading financier, and a brief run at one of the largest commercial banks. Beneath the turbulent surface, however, deposit-laden private bankers and government officials believe the financial system has begun to make long-term adjustments warranted by this third consecutive year of economic recession.

The bank drew on existing Central Bank refinancing and swap facilities to brush off the brief artificial crisis. Bankers have been generally pleased by the firm posture of the Jordanian Central Bank but pressures are mounting on profitability, Rami Khouri reports from Amman.

As reserves against bad debts, and the Central Bank has required a few banks to raise that figure to 1.5 per cent. Although problematic loans make up well under 10 per cent of commercial bank lending, the higher provisions applied last year have started to eat into banks' profit lines.

Westpac buys US primary dealer

By Mark Westfield in Sydney and Paul Taylor in New York WESTPAC BANKING Corporation, Australia's biggest banking group, continued its aggressive offshore push yesterday by announcing an agreement to buy for US\$115 William E Pollock Government Securities, one of the 35 primary dealers in the huge US government securities market.

Generous terms on Euroyen issues

BY CLARE PEARSON

TWO NON-JAPANESE banks brought long-awaited issues to the Euroyen market as it firmed yesterday in the wake of Sunday's elections which re-established the ruling Liberal Democratic party in power in Japan.

Toronto Dominion and J. P. Morgan brought issues worth Y20bn apiece. Their respective lead-managers, Yamachi and Nomura, both set coupons at 6 per cent. J. P. Morgan's bond, however, has a life of 7 1/2 years and issue price of 101 1/2, while Toronto Dominion's is for seven years with a 10 1/2 pricing.

Some dealers said this was aggressive compared with outstanding issues for better known sovereigns, such as Sweden. The lead-manager, however, quoted the issue within 1 1/2 per cent fees at 98 1/2 late in the afternoon.

between 6 and 6 1/2 per cent and the conversion premium at 22 to 25 per cent. The stock closed in New York on Friday at \$14. There will be an investors' put option in the fifth year.

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the 200 latest international bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market. Closing prices on July 7

Table with columns for Country, Issuer, Maturity, Coupon, and Price. Includes sections for US STRAIGHT, OTHER STRAIGHT, CONVERTIBLE, and EUROPEAN STRAIGHT.

Dual-capacity trading in Bulldog bonds begins

BY OUR EUROMARKETS STAFF

"WE'VE GOT off to a flying start," said one new market maker yesterday after the end of the first day of dual-capacity trading—in which the roles of brokers and jobbers are combined—in Bulldog bonds.

Japanese bank units lift Euroyen underwriting

BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

UNDERWRITING OF bonds by overseas subsidiaries of Japanese banks is increasing rapidly. In the half year to June they lead managed a total of 23 Euroyen bonds issued by non-resident borrowers against seven for the whole of 1985.

International placing by Hanson Trust

By Alexander Nicol

HANSON TRUST, the diversified UK industrial group, yesterday launched an international placing of 75m shares worth \$150m at yesterday's closing price of 184p, issued in connection with its recent takeover of Imperial Group.

The prices over the past week were supplied by: Kreditbank NV; Credit Commercial de France; Credit Lyonnais; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris; AG; Westdeutsche Landesbank; Citicredit; Banque Generale de Luxembourg SA; Banque Internationale Luxembourgeoise; Kreditbank Leuzenburger; Agence Bank Nederland NV; Pictet, Leclercq and Pictet; Credit Suisse; Swiss Credit Bank; Bank of Tokyo International; Chemical Bank International; Chase Manhattan City International Bank; Credit Commercial de France (Credit Lyonnais); Citicredit; Dabco Europe.

US QUARTERLIES

Table with columns for Company Name, 1985 Revenue, 1985 Net Profit, 1986 Revenue, and 1986 Net Profit. Includes companies like General Electric, IBM, and Boeing.

Advertisement for Eastman Kodak Company 6 3/4% Convertible Subordinated Debentures Due 2001. Includes details about the offering, interest rate, and contact information for Salomon Brothers International Limited.

UK COMPANY NEWS

Costs hold back Electronic Rentals

PROFITS of the Electronic Rentals Group were held back during 1985-86 by sharply higher depreciation and interest charges and by five months losses of recently acquired Telefusion.

(£841,000). There were also exchange losses in 1984-85 amounting to £1.15m. The loss at Telefusion totalled £2.7m. The directors said a divisional results analysis showed that if the group had not acquired Telefusion, pre-exceptional profits of the main-stream business would have been in the region of £31m.

Tax accounted for £6.8m, an increase on a previous £5.8m, and basic earnings came through the same at 3.6p. Net cash flow amounted to 23.5p, up from last time's 27.5p.



Mr David Hurley, ERG's managing director

DRG to save on pension contributions

DRG, the stationary and packaging group, will make an annual saving of about £2m on its pension contributions over the next five years.

It plans to spend the money saved on a UK capital investment programme. The trustees of the pension fund have said the reduced contribution could be supported for five years but it will be reviewed after two years.

Stirling boosts profits by 35%

Stirling Group, the Manchester-based clothing manufacturer which supplies Marks and Spencer, lifted pre-tax profits by 35 per cent from £1.7m to £2.3m for the year ended March 31, 1986.

control costs which was reflected in a slight increase in margins from 8.58 per cent to 9.09 per cent. The company's short lines of communication helped it to remain flexible in production, they added.

least, somewhat allayed. Having recently bought B. Forster, suppliers of dressing gowns, swim wear and lingerie to M&S, Stirling remains confident it can expand by supplying more to St Michael, and a men's clothing manufacturer is an acquisition possibility.

Burnett £75,000 to former chief

Burnett & Hallamshire, the loss-making mining group, yesterday revealed it had made a £75,000 payment to its former chairman Mr Eric Grayson, "in respect of damages for premature determination (sic) of his service agreement."

Parker Knoll in £1.5m furniture deal

Parker Knoll, furniture and textile group, is buying a private reproduction furniture company making trading profits of almost £300,000 a year for a net cash consideration of around £700,000.

of London although the day to day management will be taken by Mr D. Baskerville of Parker and Mr Horace Northcott who has been with Lock since 1948.

Goode Durrant share stake changes hands

The shares of Goode Durrant & Murray, the international trade finance group, leaped 27p to 102p yesterday after Impala Pacific Corporation of Hong Kong bought the 20.8 per cent stake in its shares previously held by the United Kingdom Temperance and General Provident Institution.

Lex £4.6m sale Lex Service, the motor distribution group, has sold its Carpet Express subsidiary to that company's management for £4.6m cash in a move which completes the divestment of Carpet Express made an operating profit of £700,000 on sales of £9.8m last year.

Beecham sells two subsidiaries for £12m

Beecham, the pharmaceutical and consumer products company, has sold one of its US subsidiaries. The Ace Comb Company, and its Australian soft drinks business for a total of £12m as part of its programme to dispose of non-core activities.

The Australian soft drinks business, including the Deep Spring range of mineral waters and the Pub range of sparkling squashes was bought by Amatil, a beverages group.

Meadow Farm will not match Hillsdown bid

Meadow Farm Produce, a USM quoted wholesale meat supplier, has decided not to increase its offer for North Devon Meat, the farmer's co-op which has agreed a much higher rival bid from Hillsdown Holdings, the acquisitive food and furniture company.

Hillsdown last week lifted its terms to 135p per North Devon share, an 85 per cent higher than the original Meadow Farm offer which had gained the recommendation of the North Devon board.

Richardsons Westgarth has sold the assets and business of its wholly-owned subsidiary, E. W. Osborne Services, supplier of tools to the offshore industry in Aberdeen. The fixed assets, stock and goodwill have been sold for approximately £170,000, representing a loss of about £100,000 on their book value.

Closure costs help put Vinten £0.4 in the red

AFTER AN exceptional provision up from £814,000 to £1.51m in connection with the termination of a major loss-making contract Vinten Group, a photographic, film and television equipment and camera manufacturer, turned round from a profit of £2.48m to a £400,000 loss in the year ended March 31 1986.

A divisional split showed military £9.6m (£10.44m) and loss £52,000 (profit £1.12m) and broadcast £5.36m (£5.67m) and £863,000 (£1.19m). Technology £6.89m (£5.96m) and £61,000 (£164,000). Parent company expenses totalled £427,000 (£436,000).

The appalling write-offs incurred by Vinten's military division were well signposted but appear to have distracted attention from the fact that all the other three divisions had been quietly bleeding away too: so although the City had grown accustomed to bid disappointments from the company, this time Vinten surpassed itself in its ability to shock by turning in a pre-tax loss against the £2m of profits which had been widely expected. Vinten is now trying to put over the message that it has started the current year with a clean sheet, far from order books, and chastened but firm hand on the tiller.

Carlco improves and boosts payment 25%

A FINAL dividend of 11p from Carlco Engineering Group has lifted the total to 15p net for the year ended March 31 1986. The 2.5p was forecast, compared with 15p paid last time.

by the Indian disposal—has finally succeeded in persuading the City to perceive it as a niche, rather than a workaday engineering company. The share price has risen accordingly and, on the announcement of these results, yesterday rose again by 20p to 405p.

£260,000 pay rise for Mercury chief

Mr David Scholey, chairman of Mercury Securities, parent of the S. G. Warburg merchant banking group, more than doubled his remuneration last year to £478,000. In the previous year he earned £218,000. The figures were revealed in the company's annual report for the year ending March 31 1986.

LADBROKE INDEX table showing various stock indices and their values.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of DSM (Naamloze Vennootschap DSM) 8% Debentures Due 1988, due August 1, 1988. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture dated as of August 1, 1979...

Table of debenture numbers and amounts for DSM, including columns for distinctive numbers and amounts.

Bula Resources (Holdings) p.l.c. advertisement. This advertisement is issued in compliance with the regulations of the Council of The Stock Exchange. Application has been made for grant of permission to deal in the Unlisted Securities Market on the Stock Exchange in the unmentioned securities. It is emphasised that no application has been made for these securities to be admitted to listing.

BROWN GOLDIE & CO. LIMITED Development Capital for Private Companies Management Buy-Outs. Write or telephone: Ian Hislop or Cameron Brown, Brown Goldie & Co. Limited, 16 St. Helen's Place, London EC3A 6BY. Telephone: 01-638 2575.

Granville & Co. Limited Member of The National Association of Security Dealers and Investment Managers. Table with columns: High/Low, Company, Price, Change, Dividend, P/E, Fully Paid.







**NOTICE OF REDEMPTION**

To the Holders of

**RIKOH COMPANY, LTD.**  
(Kabushiki Kaisha Ricoh)

6 3/4% Convertible Debentures Due 1995

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the outstanding 6 3/4% Convertible Debentures Due 1995 (the "Debentures") of Ricoh Company, Ltd. (the "Company") that pursuant to the provisions of Article Four of the Indenture dated as of August 1, 1987 between the Company and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York (the "Trustee"), the Company has elected to redeem on July 31, 1988 all of its outstanding Debentures at 103.875% of the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest of \$22.06 for each \$1,000 principal amount. Interest on the Debentures shall cease to accrue on and after July 31, 1988.

Payments will be made on and after July 31, 1988 against presentation and surrender of Coupon Debentures with Coupons due September 30, 1986 and subsequent coupons attached, subject to applicable laws and regulations either (a) at the office of the Trustee in New York City, or (b) at the London, England offices of The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited at 1 King Street, London EC2V 8LQ, The Fuji Bank, Limited at 25-31 Moorgate, London EC2R 6HQ, and The Tokai Bank, Limited at P & O Building, Leadenhall Street, London EC3V 4RD. Payment at the offices referred to in (b) above shall be made by check drawn on, or transfer to a United States dollar account maintained by the payee with a bank in New York City. Registered Debentures should be presented and surrendered for payment by forwarding them to the Trustee at 30 West Broadway, 13th Floor, New York, New York 10015, Attention: Corporate Trust Department. The method of delivery of the Debentures is at the option and risk of the holder, but if mail is used, Registered Mail is suggested.

Holders have the right to convert their Debentures into shares of Common Stock of the Company, or at the option of the holders into American Depositary shares at the conversion price with the Debentures taken at their principal amount translated into Japanese Yen at the rate of Yen 227.25 equaling \$1.00 of 507.1 Yen per share. Each holder who wishes to convert his Debentures must deposit his Debentures (in the case of Coupon Debentures with all unattached Coupons attached) accompanied by a written notice to the effect that the holder elects to convert such Debenture with the Depository and Conversion Agent, Chemical Bank, Corporate Trust Office, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041 or at any of the offices of the Depository's Agents in London, The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited, The Fuji Bank, Limited and The Tokai Bank, Limited. The Indenture provides that the right to convert the Debentures will terminate at the close of business (5:00 P.M. Local Time) on July 29, 1988.

RIKOH COMPANY, LTD.  
(Kabushiki Kaisha Ricoh)

Dated: June 25, 1986

The Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983 requires the withholding of 20% of any gross payments made to holders who fail to provide, and certify under penalties of perjury, a correct taxpayer identification number (employer identification number or social security number, as appropriate) on or before the date the Debentures are presented for redemption. Holders may also be subject to a penalty of \$50 for failure to provide such number. If you have not previously submitted your correct taxpayer identification number, a properly completed Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 should accompany your Debentures when presented for redemption.

**NOTE**

In the notice of June 25, 1986, published on June 30, 1986, the address for The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited, London Office was incorrect; please note the corrected address as above.

**APPOINTMENTS**

**Managing director for IDV**

Mr Colin Gordon has been appointed managing director of INTERNATIONAL DISTILLERS AND VINTNERS (UK); subsidiary of Grand Metropolitan. His appointment follows the resignation of Mr James Espey, who has joined the Guinness Beverage Group. Mr Gordon was deputy managing director of IDV (UK). Mr Howard Smith, managing director of IDV (UK) Sales becomes deputy managing director of IDV (UK). Mr Ian Ritchie will become chairman of Peter Dominic, in addition to his present post of managing director. Mr Gordon will also become chairman of W. and A. Gilbey, and IDV (UK) Sales.

Mr K. R. K. Harding has been appointed secretary of the CHARTERED INSTITUTE OF ARBITRATORS. The newly-elected president of the institute is Lord Justice Goff.

Mr Michael Geary and Mr Paul Brooks have been appointed assistant directors of PRUDENTIAL PORTFOLIO MANAGERS, with responsibility for the day-to-day running of Prudential's venture capital arm. Mr Geary was managing director of Munford and White. Mr Brooks was a director of Charterhouse.

SUN ALLIANCE INSURANCE GROUP has appointed to the boards of Sun Alliance and London Insurance, and its principal subsidiaries. Mr E. J. Taylor, general manager, home division.

Alexander Stenhouse has formed ALEXANDER STENHOUSE EUROPE which is responsible for the corporate management of its wholly-owned broking businesses throughout Continental Europe. The company also has responsibility for corporate relations with businesses in Europe where Alexander and Alexander is the

major shareholder. Appointed to the board of Alexander Stenhouse Europe is Mr John B. Syme, as chairman, who is a director of A. and A. Services Inc with responsibilities for Europe and the UK. Mr Malcolm J. Grant is deputy chairman and chief executive officer continuing his responsibilities from pre-merger days; and Mr Roy Barrett is the chief financial officer. Other senior appointments are Mr Hugh A. Warren, a director of development, Mr Dudley Maynard, manager international loss control and Mr Philip A. Hillar, manager multi-national marketing and servicing.

Mr Robert Ogston, a director of Bath and Portland Stone, has been elected president of the STONE FEDERATION for 1988-1989. The new senior vice-president is Mr David Jesper and the junior vice-president is Mr Angus Gascoigne.

**Patrick Jenkin joins Friends' Provident**

Mr Patrick Jenkin, MP, has been appointed to the board of FRIENDS' PROVIDENT LIFE OFFICE with a view to succeeding Mr E. W. Phillips as chairman of both Friends' Provident and UK Provident when Mr Phillips retires in May 1988. He will join the UK Provident board as soon as the vacancy. Mr Jenkin has resigned from the board of Provident Life Association to avoid any conflict of interest.

At STOTHERT AND PITT Mr N. William Otley has been appointed director of finance and company secretary. He succeeds Mr K. A. Davies who becomes managing director. Stothert and Pitt Fluid Engineering, Mr John W. G. Firth, a locally-based chartered accountant, and Mr Marmaduke J. Russell, a director of The Times Newspapers have been made non-executive directors.

Mr Terry Barnes, Mr Kelvin Curran and Mr Jason Duke have been appointed to the main board of the POINTON YORK GROUP. Mr Barnes is managing director of Pointon York Ltd (corporate finance and banking services); Mr Curran is chief executive of Pointon York Vos (Insurance Broking) and Mr Duke is deputy chairman of Pointon York (Pensions and Investment).

Following the acquisition by PREMIER CONSOLIDATED OILFIELDS of the oil and gas exploration interests of Burmah Oil and the issue of 72m Premier shares to Burmah, making it a 55 per cent shareholder. Mr John Malby, chairman, and Mr Lawrence Urquhart, managing director of the Burmah Group are joining Premier's board and Mr Roland Shaw, chairman of premier, is joining the Burmah

board. Mr M. N. Burchell, former managing director of Burmah Oil Exploration, is joining Premier as general manager, production and engineering, and seven other former Burmah employees are joining the Premier staff.

Sir Denis Rooke, chairman of the British Gas Corporation, has been elected president of the FELLOWSHIP OF ENGINEERING for a five-year term in succession to Viscount Caldecote who retired on July 2.

Mr Simon Casey has joined the FENCHURCH GROUP as an executive director of Fenchurch North America.

Mr David Mullins, chairman of the Stirling Group has been appointed president of the INSTITUTE OF EMPLOYMENT CONSULTANTS (IEC).

Mr Rhoderick Parry has been appointed a director of MORGAN GRENFELL FINANCIAL FUTURES.

Mr Paul Barry has been appointed to the board of CHARTERED TRUST as finance director. He was group financial controller.

BERGER DECORATIVE PAINTS, Bristol, has appointed as purchasing director Mr Bernard Hammond, who was purchasing manager. His post as regional purchasing executive to Berger Britain remains unchanged. The company has established an executive board of management, and appointed Mr Michael Usher-Clark as personal director and Mr Brian Kerr as trade sales and marketing director. Mr Doug Keep and Mr Ray Malt become retail sales and marketing director and trade development director respectively. Mr John Czaruszewicz has been appointed finance director. Mr Dennis Kreter operations director, and Mr Dick Woodbridge technical director.

Mr Peter Haslehurst has become general manager, EIS GROUP. Mr Kelvin Derrick succeeds him as divisional director, Flexibox International, a wholly-owned subsidiary.

At the ITALIAN INTERNATIONAL BANK, London, Mr Nicholas Beresford-Jones has been appointed associate director in charge of the lending division. Mr Allan Davis has assumed overall responsibility for all capital markets activity; Mr Giorgio Guano becomes senior manager with day-to-day responsibility for primary Eurobonds and new issues; and Mr Nick Broad has become chief Eurobond dealer.

Mr Graham Maguire has been appointed operations director of THE VICTORIA WINE COMPANY. The former operations director, Mr Roger Scott, has been switched to services director.

This advertisement is issued in compliance with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange.

The Council of The Stock Exchange has granted permission to deal in the 12 per cent Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock 1992/97 in the Unlisted Securities Market. It is emphasised that no application has been made for these securities to be admitted to listing.

**FERGABROOK GROUP PLC**  
(Registered in England No. 1091388)

Rights Issue of £2,028,000 12 per cent.  
Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock 1992/97 at par

Particulars regarding the Convertible Loan Stock are available in the Extel Unlisted Securities Market Service and copies of such particulars may be obtained during normal business hours on weekdays (Saturdays excepted) up to and including 22nd July, 1988 from:

Hill Samuel & Co. Limited  
100 Wood Street  
London  
EC2P 2AJ

8th July, 1988

**NATIONAL BANK OF CANADA**  
(A chartered bank governed by the Bank Act of Canada)

**U.S. \$50,000,000**  
Floating Rate Notes due Jan 1991

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes notice is hereby given that for the six month interest period from July 8th 1986 to January 8th 1987 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 7% per annum. The Coupon amount payable on Notes of U.S.\$5,000 will be \$178.89

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To find out how to get the prices that mean business, contact Colin Devereux at Finstat on 01-242 8944. Or write to Finstat, Financial Times Business Information, Greyhound Place, Fetter Lane, London EC4A 3DF.

Or return this advertisement with your business card attached.

**SFR 200,000,000**  
Currency Exchange Agreement  
Maturing March, 1996

Between  
**Inco Limited**  
and  
**Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce**

The undersigned arranged the above transaction.

**MORGAN STANLEY & CO.**  
Incorporated

July 8, 1986

**ECU 70,000,000**  
Currency Exchange Agreement  
Maturing March, 1994

Between  
**Inco Limited**  
and  
**Bank of Montreal**

The undersigned arranged the above transaction.

**MORGAN STANLEY & CO.**  
Incorporated

July 8, 1986

All of these Securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

**U.S. \$100,000,000**  
**INCO**  
**Inco Limited**  
**9 3/4% Notes Due 1996**

**MORGAN STANLEY INTERNATIONAL**

<b>CIBC Limited</b>	<b>COMMERZBANK Aktiengesellschaft</b>
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<b>DOMINION SECURITIES PITFIELD Limited</b>	<b>McLEOD YOUNG WEIR INTERNATIONAL Limited</b>
<b>ORION ROYAL BANK Limited</b>	<b>SODITIC (JERSEY) Limited</b>
<b>SWISS BANK CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL Limited</b>	
<b>BANQUE INTERNATIONALE A LUXEMBOURG S.A.</b>	<b>BAYERISCHE VEREINSBANK Aktiengesellschaft</b>
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July 8, 1986

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A member of Midland Bank Group  
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EQUITIES

Table of stock prices with columns for Issue, Last, High, Low, Stock, and Price. Includes various company names like BHP, BP, and British Airways.

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

Table of fixed interest stocks with columns for Issue, Last, High, Low, Stock, and Price. Includes various government and corporate bonds.

"RIGHTS" OFFERS

Table of rights offers with columns for Issue, Last, High, Low, Stock, and Price. Includes various company rights issues.

Information regarding rights offers, including details on how to apply and where to find more information.

Can Europe catch up? A bound reprint of a series of articles 'Can Europe catch up?' and 'Towards a Free Trade Community'.

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 6067

Crossword puzzle grid with clues for Across and Down. Includes a solution key at the bottom.

ACROSS: 1 and 4 Here comes the person in question... 7 Approach, for example, vicar to turn up? (5) 8 Accept without opposition... 13 Worker in straightforward plant (8) 14 Where it's hot the holder of the Ashes is seen in grimace (7) 15 Dramatist—a constant firebrand (6) 16 The charge is I'm at upper-class point, perhaps (10) 17 Dev's material for good marks? (6,3) 18 Team's greeting for subsidiary event? (8) 19 Repair snag—glue topless complainings is one happening to stop play, we hear (10) 20 Sesside event returns. Prepare for an issue (4) 21 Turn belt round. It's a sort of "container" (6) 22 Start the fourth part of play at Empire's finale (8) 23 Hilarity. It's killing! (needing no introduction) (8) 24 Have race (6) 25 Music and drama making come-back to question what's ahead (5,3) 26 MP's barrack (6)

AUTHORISED UNIT TRUSTS

Large table listing authorized unit trusts with columns for Name, Issue, Last, High, Low, Stock, and Price. Includes various investment funds.

Main table of FT Unit Trust Information Service, listing numerous unit trusts with their respective details, including names, issue dates, and prices.

AUTHORISED UNIT TRUSTS & INSURANCES

Main table listing various unit trusts and insurance policies with columns for company name, policy details, and financial data.

INSURANCES

Table listing various insurance policies and providers, including details on coverage and terms.

Table listing various insurance policies and providers, including details on coverage and terms.

Handwritten signature or mark at the bottom of the page.

INSURANCE, OVERSEAS & MONEY FUNDS

Table listing various insurance and financial products with columns for company name, product name, and numerical values.

Table listing insurance and financial products, including 'Brown Shipley Fund Mgmt (CI) Ltd' and 'Foreign & Colonial Management Ltd'.

Table listing insurance and financial products, including 'H.N. Samuel Investment Mgmt Ltd' and 'MEL Schindler Int Ass Ltd'.

Table listing insurance and financial products, including 'Schauder Fin. Mgmt. Int. Limited' and 'Warburg Inv Mgmt Jersey - Cont'.

Table listing 'MANAGEMENT SERVICES' including 'Chase & West Investments Ltd' and 'First Financial Services PLC'.

Table listing insurance and financial products, including 'Capital Assurance Fund' and 'Central Assurance Fund'.

Table listing insurance and financial products, including 'H.N. Samuel Investment Mgmt Ltd' and 'MEL Schindler Int Ass Ltd'.

Table listing insurance and financial products, including 'Schauder Fin. Mgmt. Int. Limited' and 'Warburg Inv Mgmt Jersey - Cont'.

Table listing 'OFFSHORE AND OVERSEAS' products including 'Standard Life Assurance Co Ltd' and 'Sun Life of Canada (UK) Ltd'.

Table listing insurance and financial products, including 'Capital Assurance Fund' and 'Central Assurance Fund'.

Table listing insurance and financial products, including 'H.N. Samuel Investment Mgmt Ltd' and 'MEL Schindler Int Ass Ltd'.

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Money Market Trust Funds

Money Market Bank Accounts

NOTES

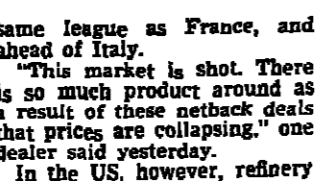
3-month call rates

Table listing '3-month call rates' for various banks and currencies.

COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE

US oil products prices follow European market's sharp fall

Oil product prices in the US fell sharply yesterday with heating oil down by 2.2 cents to \$33.1 a ceps...



production by Opec members. In June Opec production was up 5.5% to 19.5m barrels a day...

Welsh farmers confident of lamb relief

Welsh farmers leaders are confident that adequate compensation will be paid to sheep farmers...

Cocoa agreement talks resumed

EFFORTS TO negotiate a new international price-stabilising agreement for cocoa started yesterday...

LONDON MARKETS

COFFEE futures prices fell to new 9-month lows yesterday before steadying to end some \$30 off the bottom...

INDICES

Table showing REUTERS and DOW JONES indices for July 2, 1983.

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

Table showing price changes for various commodities like ALUMINIUM, COPPER, and NICKEL.

US MARKETS

NYMEX PLATINUM futures held their gains while COMEX silver was lower and COMEX gold was moderately higher...

NEW YORK

Table showing prices for ALUMINIUM, COCOA, and COTTON in New York.

CHICAGO

Table showing prices for LIVE CATTLE, LIVE HOGS, and PORK BELLIES in Chicago.

US announces export bonus deals

THE US Department of Agriculture announced today that it will take about 250,000 bushels out of government stocks...

Greenpeace deal raises NZ hopes on UK butter sales

PROPOSALS to cut the quotas for imports of New Zealand butter into the EEC for the next two years are likely to be agreed...

ALUMINIUM

Table showing ALUMINIUM prices in London.

COPPER

Table showing COPPER prices in London.

LEAD

Table showing LEAD prices in London.

NICKEL

Table showing NICKEL prices in London.

TIN

Table showing TIN prices in London.

ZINC

Table showing ZINC prices in London.

GOLD

Table showing GOLD prices in London.

COFFEE

Table showing COFFEE prices in London.

SOYABEAN MEAL

Table showing SOYABEAN MEAL prices in London.

GRAINS

Table showing GRAINS prices in London.

WHEAT

Table showing WHEAT prices in London.

BARLEY

Table showing BARLEY prices in London.

SILVER

Table showing SILVER prices in London.

MEAT

Table showing MEAT prices in London.

PIGMEAT

Table showing PIGMEAT prices in London.

TEA

Table showing TEA prices in London.

MEAT COMMISSION

Table showing MEAT COMMISSION prices in London.

CRUDE OIL

Table showing CRUDE OIL prices in London.

HEATING OIL

Table showing HEATING OIL prices in London.

CRUDE OIL (LIGHT)

Table showing CRUDE OIL (LIGHT) prices in London.

SOYABEANS

Table showing SOYABEANS prices in London.

SOYABEAN MEAL

Table showing SOYABEAN MEAL prices in London.

POTATOES

Table showing POTATOES prices in London.

WHEAT

Table showing WHEAT prices in London.

CRUDE OIL (FOB)

Table showing CRUDE OIL (FOB) prices in London.

ARAB LIGHT

Table showing ARAB LIGHT prices in London.

ARAB HEAVY

Table showing ARAB HEAVY prices in London.

BRANDS

Table showing BRANDS prices in London.

URALS (COT HWS)

Table showing URALS (COT HWS) prices in London.

PRODUCTS

Table showing various PETROLEUM ARGUS estimates.

GAS OIL FUTURES

Table showing GAS OIL FUTURES prices.

FRIGHT FUTURES

Table showing FRIGHT FUTURES prices.

TANKERS

Table showing TANKERS prices.

TURNOVER

Table showing TURNOVER for various commodities.

PHYSICALS

Table showing PHYSICALS prices.

RUSSIA

Table showing RUSSIA prices.

PHYSICALS

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RUSSIA

Table showing RUSSIA prices.

CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar recovers from record low

The dollar attracted renewed buying yesterday afternoon, helping to erase earlier losses. Short covering developed especially after the opening in New York as the expected dollar sell-off failed to materialise.

£ IN NEW YORK

Table with columns for July 7, Latest, Prev. close. Rows include 2 spot, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, 12 months forward premiums and discounts.

The dollar closed at 160.75 up from 160.50 on Friday and DM 2.155 from DM 2.175. At one point it had been down to DM 2.160.

STERLING - Trading range against the dollar in 1986 is

Table with columns for Day's spread, Close, One month, % p.a., Three months, % p.a. Rows include UK, Canada, Netherlands, Belgium, Ireland, West Germany, Portugal, Spain, Italy, Norway, France, Sweden, Japan, Austria, Swiss.

DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST DOLLAR

Table with columns for July 7, Day's spread, Close, One month, % p.a., Three months, % p.a. Rows include UK, Ireland, Canada, Netherlands, Belgium, Portugal, Spain, Italy, Norway, France, Sweden, Japan, Austria, Swiss.

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

Table with columns for July 7, DM, Yen, Ffr, Hfl, Lira, C\$, Bfr, Sfr. Rows include UK, Ireland, Canada, Netherlands, Belgium, Portugal, Spain, Italy, Norway, France, Sweden, Japan, Austria, Swiss.

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

Table with columns for July 7, Short term, 3 months, 6 months, 12 months, One Year. Rows include Sterling, U.S. Dollar, Canadian Dollar, D.Gulder, S.W. Franc, Deutsche Mark, French Franc, Italian Lira, B.F./C.F. Franc, Yen, S. Korea, Asian \$/Bng.

MONEY MARKETS

UK rates little changed

Interest rates showed little overall change in London yesterday. Dealers were looking for a lead on interest rates, possibly through a cut in the US discount rate.

NEW YORK RATES

Table with columns for Over-night, One Month, Two Months, Three Months, Six Months, Lombard Bid/In. Rows include Prime rate, Broker loan rate, Fed funds at intervention, Treasury Bills & Bonds.

MONEY RATES

Table with columns for July 7, Over-night, One Month, Two Months, Three Months, Six Months, Lombard Bid/In. Rows include Frankfurt, Paris, Amsterdam, Tokyo, Milan, Brussels, Dublin.

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Weaker trend

Most prices were lower in the London International Financial Futures Exchange yesterday. The market had tried to go better in the morning as a weaker dollar but there was really very little desire to try and establish a trend before US markets opened after the long weekend.

Table with columns for Strike, Call, Put, Last, Puts-Last, Dec, July, Aug, Sept, Oct, Nov, Dec. Rows include Liffe Long Call Futures Options, Liffe Treasury Bond Futures Options, Liffe S/Fs Options, Philadelphia S/E 2/5 Options.

LONDON

Table with columns for Sept, Close, High, Low, Prev. Rows include 30-Year 12% National Gilt, 20-Year 12% National Gilt, Treasury 200/208, 10% National Short Gilt.

CHICAGO

Table with columns for US Treasury Bonds, US Treasury Bills, CURRENCY FUTURES, POUND-S (FOREIGN EXCHANGE), Liffe-Sterling, Liffe-Sterling 250,000 per £.

OTHER CURRENCIES

Table with columns for July 7, Close, High, Low, Prev. Rows include Argentina, Australia, Brazil, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hong Kong, India, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Korea, Luxembourg, Malaysia, New Zealand, Norway, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, UK, USA.

STERLING INDEX

Table with columns for July 7, Previous, 8.50, 9.00, 10.00, 11.00, 12.00, 13.00, 14.00, 15.00, 16.00, 17.00, 18.00, 19.00, 20.00, 21.00, 22.00, 23.00, 24.00, 25.00, 26.00, 27.00, 28.00, 29.00, 30.00, 31.00, 32.00, 33.00, 34.00, 35.00, 36.00, 37.00, 38.00, 39.00, 40.00, 41.00, 42.00, 43.00, 44.00, 45.00, 46.00, 47.00, 48.00, 49.00, 50.00, 51.00, 52.00, 53.00, 54.00, 55.00, 56.00, 57.00, 58.00, 59.00, 60.00, 61.00, 62.00, 63.00, 64.00, 65.00, 66.00, 67.00, 68.00, 69.00, 70.00, 71.00, 72.00, 73.00, 74.00, 75.00, 76.00, 77.00, 78.00, 79.00, 80.00, 81.00, 82.00, 83.00, 84.00, 85.00, 86.00, 87.00, 88.00, 89.00, 90.00, 91.00, 92.00, 93.00, 94.00, 95.00, 96.00, 97.00, 98.00, 99.00, 100.00.

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

Table with columns for Country, Currency, Value of £ Sterling, Country, Currency, Value of £ Sterling, Country, Currency, Value of £ Sterling.

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

Table with columns for Three months US dollars, Six months US dollars, reference banks at 11 am each working day.

LONDON MONEY RATES

Table with columns for July 7, Over-night, 7 days, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, One Year. Rows include Interbank, Sterling Gilt, Local Authority Bonds, Discount Rate, Corporate Deposits, Finance House Deposits, Treasury Bills, Bank Bills, Fine Trade Bills, Dollar Gilt, SOF Linked Deposits, SOF Deposits.

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Company Notices

SKOPBANK US\$75,000,000 Floating Rate Capital Notes due 1994

C. ITOM & CO. LIMITED Directorial Secretary to Shareholders of the Company

Art Galleries

EVERETT'S Old Master Paintings, ENGLISH PICTURES FOR THE COUNTRY HOUSE

CLUBS

EVERETT'S, the others because of a policy of fair play and value for money.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENT RATES

Table with columns for Commercial & Industrial, Residential Property, Appointments, Business, Opportunities, Personal, Local Press, Contracts & Tenders, Book Publications, Premium positions available.

LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 AND IN THE MATTER OF THE CITY LIMITED

LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 AND IN THE MATTER OF THE CITY LIMITED

LEGAL NOTICE

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LEGAL NOTICE

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985 AND IN THE MATTER OF THE CITY LIMITED

£ WORLD VALUE OF THE POUND

The table below gives the latest available rates of exchange for the pound against various currencies on July 7, 1986.

Table with columns for COUNTRY, CURRENCY, VALUE OF £ STERLING, COUNTRY, CURRENCY, VALUE OF £ STERLING, COUNTRY, CURRENCY, VALUE OF £ STERLING.

38

BRITISH FUNDS

Table of British Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'Shorts' (Lives up to Five Years) and 'Five to Fifteen Years'.

Table of British Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'Over Fifteen Years' and 'Undated'.

Table of British Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'Index-Linked' and 'INT. BANK AND O'SEAS GOVT STERLING ISSUES'.

Table of British Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'CORPORATION LOANS' and 'COMMONWEALTH & AFRICAN LOANS'.

Table of British Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'LOANS' and 'Public Board and Ind.'.

Table of British Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'Financial' and 'FOREIGN BONDS & RAILS'.

Table of British Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'AMERICANS' and 'BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS'.

AMERICANS - Cont.

Table of American Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'CANADIANS' and 'BANKS, HP & LEASING'.

Table of American Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'CHEMICALS, PLASTICS' and 'DRAPERY AND STORES'.

Table of American Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'ENGINEERING' and 'HOTELS AND CATERERS'.

Table of American Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'INDUSTRIALS (Misc.)' and 'AMERICANS'.

Table of American Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'AMERICANS' and 'BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS'.

Table of American Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'AMERICANS' and 'BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS'.

Table of American Funds with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld. Includes sub-sections for 'AMERICANS' and 'BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS'.

LONDON SHARE SERVICE

BUILDING, TIMBER, ROADS - Cont.

Table of Building, Timber, Roads stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

DRAPERY & STORES - Cont.

Table of Drapery & Stores stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

CHEMICALS, PLASTICS

Table of Chemicals, Plastics stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

ELECTRICALS

Table of Electricals stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

DRAPERY AND STORES

Table of Drapery and Stores stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

ENGINEERING

Table of Engineering stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

ENGINEERING - Continued

Table of Engineering stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

FOOD, GROCERIES, ETC

Table of Food, Groceries, Etc stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

INDUSTRIALS - Continued

Table of Industrials stocks with columns for Stock, Price, Div, and Yld.

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INDUSTRIALS - Continued

Table of industrial stocks including companies like Anglo American, Anglo Coal, Anglo Iron, Anglo Steel, Anglo Zinc, Anglo Lead, Anglo Copper, Anglo Nickel, Anglo Platinum, Anglo Silver, Anglo Gold, Anglo Uranium, Anglo Rare Earths, Anglo Specialty, Anglo Chemical, Anglo Pharmaceutical, Anglo Biotechnology, Anglo Energy, Anglo Utilities, Anglo Telecommunications, Anglo Media, Anglo Entertainment, Anglo Retail, Anglo Consumer Goods, Anglo Healthcare, Anglo Education, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

LEISURE - Continued

Table of leisure stocks including companies like Anglo Leisure, Anglo Entertainment, Anglo Media, Anglo Telecommunications, Anglo Retail, Anglo Consumer Goods, Anglo Healthcare, Anglo Education, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

PROPERTY - Continued

Table of property stocks including companies like Anglo Property, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

INVESTMENT TRUSTS - Cont.

Table of investment trusts including companies like Anglo Investment Trusts, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

FINANCE, LAND - Cont.

Table of finance and land stocks including companies like Anglo Finance, Anglo Land, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

MINES - Continued

Table of mine stocks including companies like Anglo Mines, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

INSURANCES

Table of insurance stocks including companies like Anglo Insurance, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

LEISURE

Table of leisure stocks including companies like Anglo Leisure, Anglo Entertainment, Anglo Media, Anglo Telecommunications, Anglo Retail, Anglo Consumer Goods, Anglo Healthcare, Anglo Education, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

MOTORS, AIRCRAFT TRADES

Table of motor and aircraft trade stocks including companies like Anglo Motors, Anglo Aircraft, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

PROPERTY

Table of property stocks including companies like Anglo Property, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

SHIPPING

Table of shipping stocks including companies like Anglo Shipping, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

TEXTILES

Table of textile stocks including companies like Anglo Textiles, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

SHOES AND LEATHER

Table of shoes and leather stocks including companies like Anglo Shoes, Anglo Leather, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

TOBACCO

Table of tobacco stocks including companies like Anglo Tobacco, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

OVERSEAS TRADERS

Table of overseas trader stocks including companies like Anglo Overseas Traders, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

PLANTATIONS

Table of plantation stocks including companies like Anglo Plantations, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

NOTES

Notes section containing various financial notices, company announcements, and market commentary.

REGIONAL & IRISH STOCKS

Table of regional and Irish stocks including companies like Anglo Regional, Anglo Irish, Anglo Real Estate, Anglo Infrastructure, Anglo Transportation, Anglo Logistics, Anglo Services, Anglo Other.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Equities hit late by Wall Street and FT-SE index loses 18.4 to 1631.0

Account Dealing Dates
Option
First Declared Last Account
Dealings Date Dealings Day
June 16 June 26 June 27 July 7
June 30 July 10 July 11 July 21
July 14 July 24 July 25 Aug 4

Government bonds made further early progress but leading shares lacked assurance and ended the session on a dejected note. From the outset the equity market appeared to be seeking a guide and leading shares drifted slightly lower in lacklustre trading conditions. The emphasis was on British Telecom following the Labour Party's reported threat to re-nationalise the group if it wins the next General Election. Nervous selling was triggered off when the FT-SE 100 share closed 18.4 down at 1631.0.

Reports of an unprecedented boom in mortgage-related life business gave a mild boost to Life Insurances. Legal and General were a firm market at 281p, up 8, while Abbey Life improved a couple of pence to 197p. Prudential hardened 5 at 897p and Sun Life 8 to 903p. Composites also managed modest progress, Guardian Royal Exchange rising 7 to 912p and General Accident 5 to 860p.

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES
Table with columns for Date, Index Value, and Change. Includes FT-SE 100, FT-SE 250, and various sector indices.

exploration stocks, while further steep falls in overnight domestic markets prompted weakness in Australian. Trends in currencies proved the overriding factor in mining markets. South African Gold shares, in dollar terms, were little changed but sterling quotations were sustained by the gradual decline in the pound against the dollar. The relatively arm-bullion price - it closed 75 cents higher at \$344.75 - had little impact on sentiment.

EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE

Table showing European Options Exchange data for various stocks and options, including call and put prices.

The outcome of the Japanese elections, and hopes of lower interest rates worldwide, further encouraged gilt-edged investors. Awaiting the price of the 10-year gilt, due to be announced at 2.30 pm today, longer maturities moved higher for the fifth consecutive trading session. Fresh gains of 1 or so were commonplace until the US bond market started trading.

Among Buildings, scrappy selling clipped 5 from Blue Circle at 63p and a couple of pence from BICC at 64p. Rigby Portland Cement softened 2 to 165p, but BPC Industries continued to trade firmly on re-rating considerations and the close was 3p dearer at 55p. Costain, a firm market last week following a broker's recommendation, eased 6 to 56p, while Barratt Developments slipped 2 to 13p and George Wimpey cheapened 3 to 20p.

Retailers turned decidedly dull after hours. Losses of around 1p were common to Marks and Spencer, 201p, Burton, 290p, and recent takeover favourite Harris Greenaway, 222p. Screenshot dipped 7 to 330p, while Woolworth again gave ground following the lapsing of Dixons' bid last week. 400p. Elsewhere, Matala edged 10 more to 482p, heavily supported following the next Grattan bid situation, also met sellers for choice. Freemans Empire shed 6 to 206p. Grattan finished 5 lower at 633p. Secondary Stores rarely strayed from cent positions, although 10 more to 15p, favoured Press mention lifted J. W. Wassall 15 to 70p.

Higher opening levels for Land Securities, M&P, but lack of follow-through support left both prices easier on balance. After initial progress to 360p, M&P drifted back to 350p, cheaper at 35p, while Land Securities settled a penny off at 344p, after 346p. Elsewhere in the Property sector, County Properties firmed 3 to 180p in reply to the good interim results, while Egerton Trust added the same amount to 11p awaiting today's half-dinner. Redwood attracted fresh demand and put up 1 1/2 to 25p, while Belgrave, still reflecting the annual results and confident statement, firmed 4 to 112p. London and Edinburgh rose 10 to 510p, as did Roseburg, to 645p. Hanover Investments gained 5 to 225p following the excellent preliminary figures, while buying in firm markets lifted Top Estates 30 to 400p and Jermyn 15 to 175p.

Textiles remained mixed. Celanese, a few pence to the good in early trading, settled 2p cheaper on balance at 295p. Lister, supported recently following the excellent preliminary figures, encountered sporadic profit-taking and fell 5 to 107p. In contrast, revived takeover hopes lifted Bulmer and Lamb 11p to 110p. British Wholesaler Press continued Stoddard, finally 3 up at 30p with the 3 shares 2 dearer at 26p; the latter's full-year figures are expected on Thursday. Stoddard Drumm, due to announce annual results, put up 6 to 125p.

Merchant banks dull
Merchant banks made a distinctly dull showing in cautious Press comment. Morgan Grenfell, which made a disappointing market debut last week, came under the selling pressure and fell 16 to 47 1/2p - a 28p discount on the striking price of 500p. Mercury International, 780p, Kiewit Resources, 780p, and Shipley, 530p, all sustained falls of 10, while Hill Samuel gave up 8 at 392p and Hambros eased 3 to 512p and Lloyds gave up 5 to 30p. Standard Chartered, in receipt of a £1.5bn bid from Lloyds, closed 8 down at 797p; elsewhere in the Banking sector, Goode, Barnett and Murray soared 27 to 102p on the announcement that Impala Pacific Corporation of Hong Kong had acquired a 20.9 per cent stake from UK Temperance and General Provident Institution.

Against the trend in a rather dull Food sector, Glass Glover firmed 5 to 218p following the interim results and optimistic statement. Avana, a firm market last week following a broker's

visit to the company, ran back 10 to 544p, while profit-taking left Bernard Matthews 18 down at 285p and Hazledew 20 lower at 820p.
Brumhouse Forte gained a penny to 161p, after 162p following Press reports that the company may acquire part of Imperial Group's catering activities from Hanson Trust for some £180m. Profit-taking in the absence of any bid developments led recently-firm Nerscot Hotels 7 down at 115p.

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FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Table showing FT-Actuaries Share Indices for various equity groups and sub-sections, including Capital Goods, Building Materials, and Consumer Goods.

FIXED INTEREST

Table showing Fixed Interest rates for various maturities and types of securities, including British Government, Local Authority, and Corporate bonds.

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1986

Table listing new highs and lows for 1986 for various companies and sectors, such as British Funds, Insurance, and Property.

BASE LENDING RATES

Table listing base lending rates for various banks and financial institutions, including ABN Bank, Allied Dunbar, and Bank of Scotland.

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YESTERDAY'S ACTIVE STOCKS

Table showing yesterday's active stocks with columns for Stock Name, Closing Price, Day's Change, and Volume.

FRIDAY'S ACTIVE STOCKS

Table showing Friday's active stocks with columns for Stock Name, No. of Shares, Price Change, and Volume.

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

Table showing rises and falls yesterday for various categories like British Funds, Corporations, and Financials.

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

Large table showing London Traded Options for various stocks, including calls and puts, with columns for Stock Name, Option Type, Price, and Volume.



WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Table of world stock markets including Austria, Germany, Norway, Australia, Japan, Canada, Hong Kong, Singapore, New York, and various indices. Columns include country, date, price, and change.

CANADA

Table of Canadian stock markets including Toronto and Montreal. Columns include stock name, price, and change.

INDICES

Table of various stock indices including Australia, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the UK.

NEW YORK

Table of New York stock market data including Dow Jones, NYSE, and various indices.

OVER-THE-COUNTER

Table of over-the-counter market data including Nasdaq national market and 2.30pm prices.

LONDON

Table of London stock market data including chief price changes and NYSE-consolidated 1500 Actives.

NEW YORK PRICES

Table of New York prices including 12-month high/low, 52-week high/low, and various stock prices.

Advertisement for Financial Times featuring a map of Scandinavia and text about subscription services.

Advertisement for Financial Times featuring a map of Europe and text about business travellers and subscription services.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE PRICES

Prices at 3pm, July 7

Main table of stock prices with columns for 12 Month High/Low, Stock Name, Dividend Yield, P/E Ratio, and various price points.

Kidder, Peabody Securities Limited

Market Makers in Euro-Securities

Kidder, Peabody & Co. Incorporated

New York • London • Paris • Geneva • Zurich • Hong Kong • Tokyo

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NYSE COMPOSITE PRICES

AMEX COMPOSITE PRICES

Prices at 3pm, July 7

Table of NYSE Composite Prices. Columns include 12 Month, High, Low, Close, Div, P/E, and various stock symbols like O, OI, OJ, etc.

Table of AMEX Composite Prices. Columns include 12 Month, High, Low, Close, Div, P/E, and various stock symbols like A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

Table of OVER-THE-COUNTER Nasdaq national market, 2.30pm prices. Columns include Stock, Sales, High, Low, Last, and various stock symbols like A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

Continued on Page 41. Sales figures are unofficial. Yearly highs and lows reflect the previous 52 weeks plus the current week, but not the latest trading day. Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 percent or more has been paid, the year's high-low range and dividend are shown for the new stock only. Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends are annual disbursements based on the latest declaration.

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